Yeltsin sacks security minister

MOSCOW (AFP) — Russian President Boris Yeltsin dismissed Security Minister Vikiot Barannikov Tuesday because of corruptin allegations against him and his handling of the Tajik-Afghan border crisis, Itar-Tass news agency said. Mr. Yeltsin also announced that he had asked a special committee to decide whether an investigation should be opened against Mr. Barannikov, the agency said. The news agency said Mr. Yelisin had criticised Mr. Barannikov's management of Russian border troops. who have suffered heavy losses at the hands of Afghanistan-based Tajik rebels along the border. There have also been allegations the minister organised "trips abroad for his relatives," the agency saio. Mr. Yeltsin announced several months ago he would crack down on nepotism and corruption in the government.

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Israelis raze Lebanese villages

More killed, hundreds of thousands displaced in savage attacks

Christopher cuts short Asian visit,

but Mideast mission to go ahead

Clinton praises Syria; blames Iran for flare-up

"I think they clearly instigated

White House spokes-

this. Hizbollah has the backing of

the Iranian government and they

are enemies of the peace pro-

womao Dee Dee Myers said.

Tehran and the pro-Iranian Hiz-

bollah in Lebanon after President

Bill Clinton praised Syria for

what he called "commendable

restraint" in the face of the

"I think this administration --

the president, Secreteary Christ-

opher and others - are commit-

ted to not letting enemies of the

peace process disrupt or interrupt

or dismantle it in any way," she

ches in southern Lebanon.

Ms. Myers lashed out at

Combined agency dispatches Israeli forces in southern Leba-

ISRAEL EXPANDED its aerial and artillery offensive in Lebanon Tuesday, pounding villages to send a stream of frightened refugees flooding north towards Beirut, in a declared move to raze villages near the border.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin explained to parliament's defence and foreign affairs committee: "Our aim is clear: We want to provoke an exodus from southern Lebanon towards the north in order to put pressure on the Beirut government and to hit those who collaborate with Hizbollab.

A flood of terrified civilians fled southern Lebanon to escape the three-day inferno of Israeli air strikes and sbells.

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Security sources said more than 14 civilians and guerrillas had seen killed and 123 wounded on hesday, taking the known toll for the three-day Israeli blitz to at least 51 killed and 254 wounded. Planes, helicopters and artil-

lery repeatedly hit a string of villages and towns north of Israel's "security zone" in the south on the third day of "operation accountability."

The offensive, the most exten-

sive air and artillery bombard-ment since Israel invaded Lebanon in 1982 to expel Palestinian guerrillas, sent tens of thousands of terrified civilians fleeing north.
But the guerrillas, defying the
hammering, fired seven Katyusha
rockets at northern Israel. Israeli security sources said several Israelis were injured when a rocket hit Israel.

The Israeli army said planes and helicopters started from Tuesday morning attacking targets near and within towns and villages on a broad front oorth of the 80 kilometre wide "security aysay As zone.

It said in a statement raids inside villages began after resicants were called to evacuate them and Israeli artillery was

(Continued on page 10) Israel faces Hizbollah; assault to

last 2 weeks, page 2 Regent, Hassan II

condemn attacks

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, and King Hassan II of Morocco Tuesday exchanged views on the situation in Lebanon and the new Israeli attacks against it. In a telephone conversation, the two condemned the attacks, with King Hassan expressing his regret over the rrent Arab situation.

Decree approves ties with Bosnia

AMMAN (Petra) - A Royal Decree was issued Tuesday approving a Cabinet decision to establish diplomatic relations between Jordan and Bosnia-Herzegovina. Jordan's ambassador to Austria will serve as nonresident ambassador to the re-

3 U.N. soldiers wounded in air strike

TYRE. Lebanon (AFP) - Three Nepalese U.N. peacekeeping soldiers were injured Tuesday in an Israeli helicopter strike on South Lebanon, security sources said.
The soldiers of the United Nations Interim Force In Lebanon (UNIFIL) were injured as an Israeli helicopter bit a Nepalese U.N. position in the village of Henniyeh, near the port city of Tyre, they said.

Armenia denies inks with Turkish Kurds

MOSCOW (AFP) — Armenia Tuesday denied allegations that it had links with Kurdish separatists in Turkey and accused Ankara government officials of attempting to stir anti-Armenian feelting to stir anti-Armenian feelings, ITAR-TASS reported. In a

limit of note of protest, the Armenian

foreign ministry said the rebel foreign ministry said the rebel contrary to allegations made by the first Mehmed Gaziroglou and the government of the Turkish district under a state of emergency.

voice

outrage

Combined agency dispatches

ARABS expressed outrage Tuesday at the bombardment of Lebanon, accusing Israel of wanting to scunle the peace process and shift the agenda of this week's mission by the U.S. secretary of state. Syria, Iran, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Egypt and Iraq were among a host of Arab and Mus-lim countries to condemn Israel's aggression in northern Lebanon and call for international intervention to balt the bombard-

The Israeli attack was "jeopar-dising the peace process," the Syrian government said, Syrian radio said that the Israeli attacks were aimed at

"provoking a violent Syrian reaction, sowing discord and shifting the agenda of (U.S. Secretary of State) Warren Christopher's

Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam in Damascus Tuesday, officials said.

The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) warned the Israeli

consequences" on the peace pro-Quoted in Tunis by the Palesti-nian news agency WAFA, a PLO spokesman said the Israeli bombardments "open the way for an

Egypt said it had asked Israel and urged both Israelis and Arabs

(Continued on page 10)

Lebanese Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri had talks with Syrian

They gave no details about the

action would bave "destructive

escalation of violence" and called mobilise support for Lebanon. to stop the attacks immediately,

(Continued on page 10) trying to torpedo Middle East peace talks by picking a fight with Mr. Clinton said he hoped the Palestinians sceptical, page 10 Israel walks on tightrope, page 2 Majali, citing loopholes in Election Law, says there is a need to change it

Prime minister speaks of Israeli readiness to withdraw from occupied Jordanian land and restore Kingdom's water rights

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

SECRETARY of State Warren

Christopher cut short his visit to

Asia Tuesday to return to Washington and confer on esca-

lating violence in the Middle East

before heading there next

weekend as previously plaoned.
"I have been following the

dramatic escalation of violence io

southern Lebanon and northern

Israel with great concern and I

will be discussing the impact of

these events on the peace pro-cess," Mr. Christopher said in a

brief announcement distributed

to reporters shortly before his

The White House Tuesday ac-

cused Iran and Hizbollah of

hastily arranged departure.

AMMAN — In the strongest indication yet that the Majali government is moving towards introducing electoral changes, the prime minister Tuesday cited loopholes in the current Election Law, saying "there is a need to

change it." Dr. Abdul Salam Majali was quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, as telling a group of Salt notables that there is a need to amend the law "since it has many gaps in it." "If the change aims at ensuring

further democratie gains, no one should object to the changes," Dr. Majali was quoted as saying.

Noong that His Majesty King Hussein has called for a national dialogue on the issue, however, Dr. Majali said that "such a dialogue is now going on in the media and the press.

But he added that "Nothing

can be imposed anyone if the changes do not serve public in-

Referring to the peace process, the prime minister said the fundamental achievements of the Arab-Israeli negotiations have so far included "an Israeli recognition of (Jordan's) 1948 international borders and of the need to return the 350 square kilometres of (Jordanian territory) occupied by Israel."

He said other achievements included an Israeli recognition of the need ot settle the Palestinian refugees problem and "return our rights in the waters of the Jordan and Yarmouk rivers." The prime minister did not elaborate on his

"As far as the Palestinian track (of the negotiations) is con-



situation in Lebanon will not

threaten the Middle East peace

Asked during a meeting at the White House if the rise in vio-

lence in Lebanon would endanger

the peace process, Mr. Clinton

said, "I hope not. I certainly have

no reason to believe it is. But

obviously I'm concerned about

opher would return to Washing-

ton from the Far East before

going to the Middle East "be-

the Middle East before he goes

Syrians have shown commend-

Mr. Clinton said, "I think the

Mr. Clinton said Mr. Christ-

Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Tuesday meets with a group of Salt notables (Petra photo,

cerned, much has been achieved but I leave it to (the Palestinians) to accounce what was achieved in the suitable time and way for them," said the prime minister.

Reviewing developments in the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Palestinian problem since 1967, Dr. Majali said that Jordan had always called for the implementation of U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338.

"We were, earlier, of the view that the best means of implementing the two resolutions was through an international conference, because the Arabs and the Israelis were leaning on either the United States or the Soviet Union. But now the cold war is over and the United States, which

emerged as the sole superpower, has found that its interests lie in establishing security and peace in the Middle East region," Dr.

He said that since security and peace cannot be achieved without the settlement of the Palestinian issue, the crux of the Arab-Israeli conflict, the Arabs and Israelis have opted to embark on the peace process starting in Madrid.

"The Arabs bad to interact with world developments, and the Jordanians and the Palestinians have jointly set up a delegation determined never to give up any right," the premier said.

He said that in spite of the obstacles placed by the Israeli governments, Jordan has been

demanding the implementation of U.N. resolutions and the exchange of land for peace.

He said political parties which had failed in the past to serve the society now have the opportunity to benefit from the earlier experiments and to pursue a path that can best ensure the national interest.

Referring to the economie situation in Jordan, Dr. Majali said that the Gulf crisis had had heavy consequences on the Kingdom. He said among the difficulties were the continuing harassment of international shipping and the interception and search of all Aqaba-bound vessels. This

(Continued on page 10)



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the

Regent expresses alarm over Lebanon situation

King's visits to France, Turkey highly important Majali, House denounce Israeli assault

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Tuesday expressed alarm and concern over the deteriorat-ing situation in Lebanon in the wake of repeated Israeli attacks on that country.

The Regent, talking to reporters after a meeting with visiting Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz, said there was a great fear that the stability of the Middle East could be shattered and that the region could be torn apart and racially and ethnically Balkanised.

When we talk about Lebanohisation and see the few past years and the optimism that started with the reconstruction process (in Lebanon), we see these hopes shattered by this

widescale aggression," he said. Prince Hassan expressed his belief that this concern preoccupies every Arab and every Muslim within this context.

"I would like to reiterate what said in the presence of the Turkish foreign minister, (Hikmet Cetin, on Mondayl, that the situation will not last, and it cannot be a sound basis for stability and peace. Violence always. breeds violence," be added. In reply to a question on His Majesty King Hussein's visits to

France and Turkey this week and next week, Prince Hassan said it was imperative to convey to the world the importance of Jordan and its political and geographic "The Kingdom has a central

and vital role in this region of the world and the best who can do such a mission is His Majesty the King during his contacts in

France and Turkey," he said.

whether the Israeli aggression on Lebanon might affect the planned visit by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, the Regent said: "I cannot add to the American statement in this regard which voiced concern and fear that the continuation of violence and fighting would affect the visit and the peace process.

Mr. Aziz said the last visit by a U.N. inspection team to Iraq was a good chance for both sides to bold negotiations on various issues. (see story below)
Iraq, he said, is keen to deal

with these issues in an objective and constructive manner "and tbat is why we managed to resolve some problems tempor-

He said Iraq and the inspection team agreed to continue their dialogue in New York and in Baghdad to tackle thorny problems between the two sides and expressed hope that such meetings will contribute to more understandings between the two sides and consequently lifting "the unjust embargo imposed on

Iraq since three years.' The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the Regent's talks with Mr. Aziz dealt with Jordanian-Iraqi relations as well as regional and international issues of common interest.

The meeting, which included a lunch, was attended by Royal Court Chief Khaled Al Karaki, Minister of Information Ma'an Abu Nowar, Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Jawad Al Anani, the King's adviser Ihsan Shurdom and Iraqi ambassador to Jordan Noori Ismail Alwayyes.

Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali told Jordan Television that Israeli attacks on Lebanon

In reply to another question on were provocation that impedes the peace process. "Everytime there is a move to stimulate the peace process,

everytime a minister visits the region on the eve of the resumption of the peace talks, Israel creates a new provocation, Dr. Majali said, "It is not the first time when Israel resorts to poisoning the atmosphere of the peace negotiations. "This atmosphere is not condu-

cive to peace, and does no prompt one to speak about peace while people, especially civilians, get killed," be added.

"Israel claims that it has been exposed to attacks by certain factions in Lebanon but such magnitude to the alleged attacks." Dr. Majali added.

The Lower House of Parliament said in a statement that the Israeli actions were a cause for deep concern.
"The Jordanian Parliament

strongly condemns this brutal aggression under the nose of the United Nations and those who brag about their keenness on defending the international legitimacy and human rights," the statement said.

'Southern Lebanon is an integral part of the Arab territories occupied by Israel for a long time, and its inhabitants have all the right to resist occupation and defend their country's sovereignty," it said.

Past Israeli acts of aggression resulted only in more determination on the part of the resistance forces to liberate their occupied land," it said. "All such acts of aggression can by no means ensure security and peace for Israel, which should withdraw from all Lebanese lands in implementa-

(Continued on page 10)

.N. installs cameras in Iraq

BAGHDAD (Agencies). - A U.N. team on Tuesday installed three out of six surveillance cameras at two Iraqi missile test sites and praised the Iraqi authorities for their cooperation.

Bill Eckert, leader of the team

of three Americans, said the three cameras would not be activated pending talks on long-term monitoring of Iraq's post-war military potential at the United Nations in New York at the end of August or early September. He refused to specify where the cameras were installed.

The six cameras were to be set up at the Yawm Al Azim and Rafah sites, around 60 kilometres south of Baghdad, as a final step in the interim solution to a crisis that threatened to unleash U.S. air strikes on Iraq earlier this

"Technical cooperation (with the Iraqis) on this job is really excellent," Mr. Eckert said. He said the team still had 'electrical" work to do and he refused to indicate when the ex-

perts would be leaving Iraq. "We still have questions that we are working on," he added on his return from the sites.

Meanwhile, Maurizio Zif-, ferero, Italian head of a U.N., nuclear arms team in Iraq on, a routine mission, said Iraq had, of the U.N.'s International Ato-

pledged to provide the United Nations with a list of its suppliers after the start of the New York

"We were told there is willingness on the Iraqi side to open and discuss these files. They asked us to be parient and wait for the start of the talks," Mr. Zifferero said. There is an expectation from our side that this promise will

bold and that some of the most important information will be finally given," he added. Mr. Zifferero said Iraq expected the talks with U.N. offi-

cials to "provide an adequate occasion to come forward with some kind of sign of goodwill." His team is to leave Iraq Wednesday.

During their stay the team visited four former nuclear sites which Iraq is trying to use for other activities.

"We checked the drawings," he saidandsought clarifications on the type of activities which will be pursued" there.

The team also inspected the Taji industrial complex north of Baghdad, Mr. Zifferero said. adding that some of its production should be placed under sur-

Mr. Zifferero, deputy director

mic Energy Agency (IAEA), said he had received the assurances that the nuclear files would be open from Humam Abdul Khaliq Abdul Ghafuras, minister of higher education and scientific

But Mr. Zifferero, who heads a team of U.N. inspectors which arrived in Baghdad on Friday primarily to prepare for removal of Iraq's remaining stocks of irradiated-uranium fuel, said the minister had not set a specific

time for opening the files. "He offered to open this file in a manner satisfying our request," Mr. Zifferero said, but added that the minister asked him "to be patient and wait until we start technical talks."

Iraq argues that revealing names will make individuals liable to prosecution in their own countries and targets of assassination by Israeli agents.

Iraq and the United Nations are due to hold talks about Iraq's compliance to date with Gulf war ceasefire terms requiring it to scrap its weapons of mass des-

Iraq hopes to show that it has complied with requirements so that it can resume exports of oil. now blocked under a U.N. trade embargo elamped after Iraq invaded Kuwait in 1990.

Israel faces stubborn force in Hizbollah

By Samia Nakhoul Reuter

BEIRUT - Hizbollah fighters, driven by a Shi'ite Muslim zeal to fight Israel to the death, are proving to be ruth-

less and determined enemies. The name "Hizhollah" comes from a phrase in the Koran - "The Party of God. they are victorious.

Inspired by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's Islamic revolution in Iran, the group holds that Israel must cease to exist and Western inflnence curbed in Lehanon, which it would like to turn into an Iran-style Islamic

The burden of their readyto-die zeal is now falling on the mainly Shi'ite Muslim villagers who live next to a South Lehanon buffer strip occupied by Israel.

Israeli planes and artillery are pounding the area in what Israeli press reports say is a deliberate effort to drive out the civilian inhahitants, who have long been among Lebanon's poorest and most down-trodden citizens and are a major source of Hizbollah recruits.

Israel hopes that a flood of refugees fleeing north will force Lebanon's pro-syrian government to abandon its hands-off attitude to Hizbollah and Palestinian guerrillas and use its army to curb

Hizbollah, for its part, hopes to trigger massive re-taliation that would sabotage Arab-Israeli peace talks, en-tangle the Jewish state in a costly and impopular war and spell the end of Israeli occupatioo in the huffer

It launched a wave of attacks against Israeli forces and their local ally, the South Lebanoo Army, this month, killing eight Israeli soldiers. Israel bit hack hy un-

leashing its heaviest air strikes on Lebanon since its 1982 invasion. At least 60 people -- Lehanese civilians, Syrian soldiers, Palestinian and Hizbollah guerrilias and Israeli soldiers and civilians - were killed in the barrages which hegan on Sunday. More than I6I were wound-

"We will continue resistance because the occupation aggression that we can never accept... the aggressor must pull out so the problem ends," Sheikh Naim Kassem, Hizbollah's deputy secretarygeneral, said Monday.

The problem will not end through the enemy's threats ... Israeli intimidation will not achieve its goals in curbing the resistance," Sheikh Kassem added.

A Beirut radio quoted Sheikh Kassem as saying Hiz-bollah "is proud to cherish

the goal of sabotaging the Arab-Israeli peace talks." Israeli leaders say the offensive was vital to discipline Hizbollah. "We want to make une-

quivocally clear that if there is no quiet here, there will be no quiet for the residents of South Lebanon north of the 'security zone,''' Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said while touring the border strip Monday.

Saying it wants to protect its northern town from guerrilla raids Israel set op the 15-km-deep "security zone" in 1985 after pulling out the hulk of its 1982 invasion

Hizhollah emerged in Lebanon when 800 Iranian Revolutionary Gnards moved to the Bekaa Valley in eastern Lebanon in 1982 to fight the Israelis.

The Iranians concentrated on spreading Ayatollah Khomeini's doctrines.

Recruiting grounds were southern villages inhabited hy Muslim Shi'ites, and Beirut slums to which many Shi ites migrated during Lebanon's 1975-90 civil war.

Shi'ites have long been excluded from significant power in Lehanon hut are approaching, or may already be, a majority of the country's people.

Their southern heartland has felt Israel's military blows for more than two decades. When the hlows were aimed at Palestinian guerrillas, the Shi'ites mostly suf-

fered apolitical frustration. But with the 1982 invasion the Shi'ite began to strike back, tormenting the West and Israel with suicide bombings against Western interests, hostage-taking and assassinations.

Smicide truck bombings killed more than 60 people at the U.S. embassy in April 1983 and 241 U.S. servicemen and 58 French paratroopers of the multinational force in October that year.

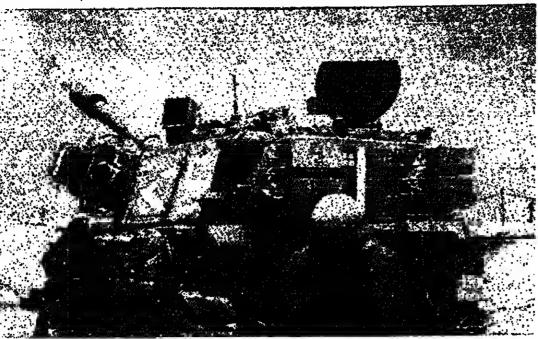
Fundamentalist sources put the number of Hizbollah fighters at 3,000 and 10,000. The groop, armed and financed by Iran, is run by a 12-man shura or advisory council.

Its spiritual mentor is Sheikh Mohammad Hussein Fadlallah, although he denies any direct role in hin

Among Middle East groups, Hizbollah is the one most opposed to a U.S.sponsored negotiation be-

tween Israel and the Arabs. Hizbollah stepped np its raids on the Jewish state as the peace process began in October 1991, in the hope of sabotaging them by triggering

massive Israeli retaliation. But its strategy has not succeeded yet and the 2month-old talks continue.



An Israeli soldier covers his ears Tuesday as artillery fire on villages in South Lebanon (AFP

Israeli assault to last weeks

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Israel's air and artillery assault on Hizbollah and Palestinian bases in Lehanon will go on for two weeks, official sources warned Tuesday, the

third day of the operation. "The current phase of fighting should last at least one week," the sources said as the casualty toll of the assault rose to 47 dead with more than 160 wounded. mostly civilians.

"The whole operation will go on for two weeks and end up with a U.S. diplomatic initiative," the sources said.

The coordinator of Israeli activities in Lebanon, Uri Lubrani, told Israel radio: "It will take time for the authorities in Beirut and Damascus, under the pressure of the exodus of people from southern Lebanon, to intervene and stop Hizbollah."

The cabinet met Monday night but decided for the time being not to send ground troops to follow up the biggest Israeli strike in Lebanon in a decade. The cabioet was to meet again Tuesday to assess the situation.

Two Israeli civilians and a soldier have been killed in retaliatory rocket attacks. An army spokesman said 25 civilians and five soldiers have also been wounded from a total of 160 Katyusha rockets.

Meanwhile, U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, who has called for restraint on all sides, cut short a South Asian visit Tuesday to return to Washington for consultations on the fighting.

in Israel Sonday io a bid to push ahead the U.S.-sponsored Middle East peace talks.

Israel has offered to halt the operation if the pro-Iranian Hizbollah and Palestinian groups, army will do it."

which oppose the peace process, cease fire. But two salvoes of Katyusha rockets crashed into northern Israel on Tuesday morning, military sources said. No casualties

vere reported. Israel's oorthern regioo commander Yitzhak Mordechai said Tuesday "the Israeli army has achieved initial targets.

The objectives were in the long term to guarantee the security of the more than I50,000 people hving in corthern Israel, strengthen the "security zone" in South Lehanon and to ensure the army's freedom of manoeuvre," General Mordechai said.

Military sources said the operation had already gone through three phases: Air raids on 10 Hizbollah and Palestinian bases, then another 39 bases, and now heavy artillery fire to force an exodus from southern Lebanon. The ports of Tyre and Sidon

are also hlockaded by the Israeli navy, the sources said. A fourth phase is to severely damage the villages. More than 5,00 shells have already been fired into Lebanoo since Sunday

morning, the sources said. According to Israel's leading military commentator, Zeev Schiff, "the operation has not reached maximum level."

But he doubted whether Beirut and Damascus would succumh so easily to pressure to disarm Hizbollah as the government hopes. He expected Syria to continue to reach Hizbollah.

But Chief-of-Staff Ehod Barak

Israel treads tightrope between war and peace

government is unable to impose its will on Hizbollah, the Israeli

The U.N. Security Council was scheduled to debate later Tuesday the heaviest Israeli intervention in Lebanon for eight years after a call from the Beirut gov-

Israel has told the council it was acting in "self-defence" after a sharp increase in attacks on northern Israel and its "security zone." Fifteen Israeli soldiers have been killed in the zone so far this year compared to 13 for the whole of 1992.

In Paris, the Israeli ambassador to France, Yehnda Lancry, said the Israeli military assault in Lebanon "has a very limited goal" and that "we are a long way from a war like the one of 1982." He said the operations were

security. "Isreal has been the target of violent terrorist attacks in the past few weeks, which have resulted in the deaths of several Israeli soldiers," he said in an interview on France Info radio.

intended "to restore everyday

"Many places in oorthern Israel from Rosh-Hanicrah on the coast to Metulia and Kiryat-Shemona in the east have been hit daily by surface-to-surface rockets, which have caused a lot of damage and sometimes many casualties

"While being closely involved in the peace process, Israel cannot 'neglect-its 'security in the north of the country or the 150,000 Israeli citizens living oo the border, because Hizbollah, the gravedigger of the peace process, wants it to fail and to kill as has warned: "If the Lebanese many Israelis as possible."

Son visits Demjanjuk in cell

TEL AVIV (AP) — John Dem-janjuk's son visited his father in prison Tuesday, two days before the supreme court was to rule whether the retired Ohio auto worker should hang as the Nazi camp guard "Ivan the terrible."

Demjanjuk's defence attorney, Yoram Sheftel, said Tuesday he was covicinced his client would be set free.

Some legal experts believe that the new evidence raised during the appeal created enough questions about his identity to overturn the conviction. One press report Tuesday

quoted a Demjanjuk guard as saying the immate was opomistic.

Israeli police, meanwhile, said they put the final touches on operation justice" — Demjanjuk's maximum security transport Thursday morning from Ayalon prison in the town to Ramle to the high court in occupied Jern-salem, about 40 kilometres away. Prison services spokesman Duhi Ben-Ami said officials were preparing for all possibilities, including that someone might want to harm Demjanjuk on his way to or from court.

The Yedioth Ahronoth daily said Demjanjuk would he guarded by dozens of members of the prison services' elite "Nahshon" unit, and that there would be heavy police presence in court.

The report also said police have stepped up patrols near the homes of the five supreme court justices since last weekeod, though there were no plans to post permanent guards.

Sheftel refused comment when asked where the stateless Demjanjuk would go if acquitted. Demjanjuk, 73, was stripped of

his U.S. citizenship in 1981 for lying in immigration documents about his alleged Nazi past. Offi-cials at the Ukrainian embassy in Israel have said that as a Ukrainian native, he was eligible for Ukrainian citizenship. Sheftel said Demjanjuk's son.

ohn, and his son-in-law, Ed Nishnie, met with the inmate at his maximum security cell for about three hours Tuesday. He did oot provide details.

Yediotti quoted Demjanjuk as telling a guard: "I'm optimistie and believe the supreme court will acquite me on all counts.'

Demjanjuk was convicted and sentenced to death in April 1988 after five survivors of the Treblinka camp identified him as "Ivan," the brutal gas chamber operator who tortured and mutilated victims of death. Some 850,000 people were killed io Trehlinka in Nazioccupied Poland in 1932-42.

NEWS IN BRIEF

China deeply regrets Lebanon tension

PEKING (R) - China, one of five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council, said Tuesday it deeply regretted the increase in tension in southern Lebanoo after Israeli warplanes launched air raids on guerrilla targets. A Foreign Ministry spokesman, quoted by the Xinhua news agency, said: "Recently, there has been a sharp escalation of military action in southern Lebanon, which has caused casualties of the people there, including some civilians, and given rise to the renewed tension in that region "We deeply regret this development and hope that the parties concerned will exercise restraint and try to prevent the situation from further worsening, so as to avoid adverse effects brought therefrom on the current Middle East peace process." China, eager to play a more active role in the Middle East, established diplomatic ties with Israel last year. It has maintained strong links with Argh states and the Pelestine Liberation Operation (PE Oct.) with Arah states and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) giving it full diplomatic status. PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat met Chinese Vice-Foreign Minister Yang Fuchang Monday during a brief stopover at Peking airport on his way to North Korea.

ICRC urges israel, guerrillas to spare civilians

GENEVA (AP) — The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) appealed Monday to Israel and Lebanon-based guernilas to avoid hitting civilians in the latest outbreak of cross-border fighting. "The recent operations have increased the toll of civilian casualties and led to the destruction of civilian property in Lebanon and in northern Israel," said a statement from the Swiss-run and in northern Israel, said a statement killed and over 100 committee. More than 60 people have been killed and over 100 committee. wounded on both sides. Thousands of civilians have been hiding in shelters or fleeing the horder area. The ICRC asked "all parties involved in military operations in Lehanon and Israel to respect international humanitarian law, and in particular to spare the civilian population and civilian property." The committee, which is mandated under the Geneva conventions on the conduct of war to seek adherence from all sides to the international agreements, said it was "deeply concerned about these latest developments and their consequences in humanitarian terms in both Lebanon and northern

Somalis escape to Irian Jaya

JAKARTA (R) — Two Somali youths, facing deportation by Indonesia, have fled to the remote province of Irian Jaya, Antara news agency reported Tuesday. The two, aged 19 and 14, escaped more than a week ago from west Timor where they were being held in custody for entering the country without visas. The report did not explain how the officials knew the youths were in Irian Jaya, the Indonesian half of the island of New Guinea.

Civilian Muslim activist killed in Algeria

ALGIERS (R) - A factory worker kidnapped by masked gimmer was found dead with his throat cut and five bullet wounds near his home in an Algiers suburb Monday, the official oews agency APS reported. It said Mustapha Baba, 38, was abducted the day before, His death brought to at least 64 the number of civilians, including a journalist and three magistrates, killed in the last seveo months in attacks hlamed on Muslim fundamentalists. The agency also reported an activist armed with a shotgun was shot dead in Baba Ali-15 kilometres south of Algiers, hringing to at least 408 the number of activists slain by security forces since December. State radio reported that a special court in the western town of Oran sentenced a Muslim activist prisoner and two fugitives to death Monday for trying to kill two policemeo. Two prisoners and five fugitives were: sentenced to life in prisoo and six were jailed for between 10 and 20: years each. So far 152 Muslim activists have been seotenced to death since last year. Six were executed early this year.

Turkoman leader reports iraqi clampdown

ANKARA (R) - An Iraqi opposition leader said Tuesday that Iraqi authorities had rounded up 3,000 Turkomans accused of Arslan, Ankara-based head of the Iraqi National Turkoman Party, told Reuters the men, aged between 18 and 30, had been seized last week in the northern city of Kirkuk. "They were taken to a military camp at Daraman and more than 10 died from heat and poor food and medical conditions," Mr. Arslan said. "Seven were executed." without judicial process to make the people afraid of the Irac regime." He said the news had come from five or six Turkomans who had escaped from the camp, just north of Kirkuk and made their way to Erbil, the main city in Kurdish-controlled conthern Iraq. No independent confirmation of the report was available. Mr. Arslan urged the United Natioos, Turkey and other countries to do more to end what he called an Iraqi policy of genocide. "Otherwise the Bosnian tragedy will be repeated against the Turkomans in Iraq," he declared. The Turkomans, ethnically related to Turks, form a small minority in Iraq. Many live in Kirkuk, which lies south of the Kurdish-held region protected by Western air patrols.

Cholera outbreak in Afghanistan serious

ISLAMABAD (AFP) --- An outhreak of cholera in Afghanistan is serious, a U.N. report released here said Wednesday. Cholera cases have been reported from 14 of Afghanistan's 29 provinces, according to the report issued by the office of the U.N. coordinator for humanitarian assistance for Afghanistan, Sotirios Mousouris. The report said a World Health Organisation team which visited Kabul from July 14 to 16 found that 3,000 people showing cholerant symptoms were admitted to hospitals in the Afghan capital during symptoms were admitted to nospitals in the Arghan capital during the period. The Afghan government has officially declared a cholera outhreak and established a national coordination committee in which different U.N. agencies are taking part, the report said. A U.N. task force was also set up by Mr. Mousouris last week to meet regularly and take action to address the cholera outbreak io Afghanistan, it added.

Yemen gets new minister for labour

SANAA (AP) — Yemen President Ali Abdullah Saleh announced Tuesday he has appointed Mohammad Abdullah Al Battani as minister for insorance, social affairs and labour. He succeeded Mohammad Ali Haithem, who died earlier this mouth of a heart attack. Mr. Battani served as interior minister in what was Marxist South Yemen before its May 1990 merger with North Yemen.

Hunt goes on for kidnapped French tourists in Turkey

TATVAN, Turkey (Agencies) - Security forces Tuesday were

which seized the tourists, said the four were being held with an Englishman and his Australian woman cousin kidnapped in the same regioo on July 5. A source close to the administration in Divarbakir coordinatiog

official told AFP. On Monday a spokesman in Paris for the National Liberation Front of Kurdistan, a satellite of the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK)

the army's campaign against the PKK in the heart of mainly Kurdish southeastern Anatolia said Tuesday that it was without news of the four.

were expected to arrive in the Turkish capital later in the day

combing a mountainous area south of this eastern Turkish town for four French tourists kidnapped by Kurdish rebels three days

Sources in Ankara said family members of the four Frenchmen

four and security forces had stepped up the hunt in the mountains between Tatvan and Hizan, 50 kilometres to the southeast, a local

following expectations that they would be released within a few However, authorities here still "had no news" of the kidnapped

By Neil MacFarqubar The Associated Press

TEL AVIV - The line between scattered shelling and outright war can disjotegrate quickly in the Middle East. With its largest attacks on targets in Lebanon in a decade. Israel walks perilously close to that line.

But hy directing both verbal and steel barrages on an Islamic militia and not any neighbouring governments, it hopes to stop the deadly rocket attacks on its oorthern towns without jeopardising upcoming peace talks shepherded by U.S. Secret-ary of State Warren Christ-

opher. The I8-month-old peace process has weathered major clashes before. But at some threshold — likely direct clashes between the Israeli and Syrian armies - the violence will push negotiators away from the table. "Now it's small potatoes,

dangerons," said Major General Shlomo Gazit, former head of military intelligence.

into something enormous and

Arah peace oegotiators warned Monday that the peace talks, supposed to get a much-needed shot of adrenaline with Mr. Christopher's Aug. 1 arrival in the region, were in jeopardy.

But past threats that the talks were collapsing have proved hollow. Israeli officials seemed to count on previous experience that Arab public opinion angered by Israeli attacks was not strong enough to sway governments, and none appea ioterested in

a war. Israel invaded Lebanon, for example, with the ink barely dry on its peace treaty with Egypt and the treaty held.

The wild card is Lebanon's Hizbollah. The Party of God makes oo secret of its desire to wreck the peace talks.
It is armed by Iran. It sway. All those governments support its claim of the right to hit Israel because the Israeli army occupies a broad swatch of southern Lebanoo designed to stop cross-border attacks. The murky lines of responsibility present Israel with its problem on how to stop attacks that killed seven soldiers in the past month.

"It must respond to deter attacks, but it knows that Hizbollah is deterred only hy God." colomnist Zvi Gilat wrote in the daily Yedioth Ahronot.

Guerrillas responded to Sunday's air raids with an unprecedented rain of Katyusha rockets that killed two and wounded 24 Israelis over the past two days. Israel believes that heavy return shelling of villages in Lebanon and hints of escalation will push Beirut and, more important, Damaseus to

reign in Hizbollah.
"We should not underestimate the Syrian influence in Jacques Neriah, Lebanon," Prime Mioister Yitzhak Rabin's diplomatic adviser

and a member of Israel's negotiating team with Syria, told a hriefing of the foreign press corps Monday.

But he stressed that Israel

was not interested in challenging Syria.
"We are not fighting Syrla.

We don't want any con-frontation with Syria," he If Hizbollah does not stop, further escalation poses all

kinds of problems for Israel.

including clashes with either

the Lebanese or Syrian army that could well shatter the peace talks. The issue of possible ground action by Israel raises domestie fears about a repeat of the 1982 Lebanon invasion that kept its army bogged down for three years and left

over I,000 Israeli soldiers

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

"We are all living in trauma from the Lebanon war," said Sholamit Alomi, the communications minister. There is some disquiet that things could roll into distant

yes, but all small potatoes in the Middle East can escalate trains on territory in Lebanon where the Syrian army holds waters in far places." JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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News in English

16:23 |9:41

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St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfleh Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Ammunication Tel. 637440. De la Saille Church Tcl. 661757

eta Church Tel: 622366 of the Annapolation Tel. Church Tcl. 630851. Tel. Catholic Church Tel. Orthodex Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.

Ampan International Church Tel. 652526. Evangelical Lotheran Church Tel: 824328. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 823824, 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER

Bulictin supplied by the Department of

Normal summer weather will prevail and winds will be northwasterly mod-crate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 32. Aqaba 39. Humidity readings: Amman 33 per cent. Aqaba 28 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Mohan Dr. Nidal Al Dahleh . Dr. Ghaleb Zawaideh Dr. Salman Al Daboubi Firas pharmacy
Ferdows pharmacy
Al Asema pharmacy
Nairoukh pharmacy
Al Salam pharmacy . 661913 623672 636730 Yacoub pharmacy

ni pharmacy

Nairoujh pharmacy 623672 Dr. Fayez Al Qadhi Al Quds pharmacy Dr. Hussein Mahmoud

EMERGENCIES

. 630341 Highway Police Traffic Police Public Security Department .
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints Water and Sewerage . 897467 Amman Municipality
Complaints
Telephone Information 787111 (directory assistance) ...
Overseas Calls 010230 Central Amman Telephone Radio Jordan

Electric Power

HOSPITALS

Malhas, J. Amman Palestine. Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital ... University Hospital Al-Mussber Hospital ... The Islamic, Abdai: ... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich ... Army §Marka Queen Alia Hospital Amal Hospital ...

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)900560 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Al Hikata Modera Hospital (09)99090

Princess Haya Hospital

AMMAN:
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 64241/2
Jabal Amman Maternity 64243/62
Akileh J. Amman Maternity 6734/6 777101/3 .. 891611/15

FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5. where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 17:35

18:25 Istanbul (RJ)
18:30 New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
18:30 Brussels, Paris (RJ)
19:10 Montreal, Toronto (RJ) Madrid, Geneva (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Dubai (AZ)

Frankfurt (R.)

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DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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...... Cairo (MS) Bahrain, Doha (GF) Karachi (PI)

MARKET PRICES



CELEBRATING 25 YEARS OF RESEARCH: Then Royal Highnesses Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, and Princess Sarvath Tuesday attend a celebration held at the American Centre of Oriental Research (ACOR) marking its 25th anniversary

in the Kingdom. There, Prince Hassan opened an archaeology museum and an antiquities laboratory. ACOR's work is aimed at discovering and preserving Jurdan's "rich and untapped" archaeological treasures (Photo by Boghos)

have been been asked all srael to e Omani envoy urges Arab states to bolster ties with Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) - Omani Ambassador to Jordan Mohammad Ben Sultan Ben Hamad Al Bu Saced Tuesday urged Gulf countries to follow his country's

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lrian Jaya, example and boister their ties with Jordan in all fields.

Addressing a meeting organised by the Amman Rotary Club at the Philadelphia Hotel, the ambassador called on the Gulf States to regard Jordan as the

Referring to the Gulf Crisis, the ambassador said Oman like Jordan had sought an Arab solution and sent delegadons to various Arab states, but, he said circumstances steered the events otherwise.

Noting that Oman has never cut its relacions with Iraq, the ambassador said Muscat has close ties with all Arab states, particularly Jordan.

There are 270 Omani students

studying at Jordanian universides and the Kingdom condnually provides Oman with teachers, said the ambassador.

Paying tribute to His Majesty King Hussein's efforts towards solidarity among Area, the ambassador said that Oman will never forget Jordan's support for his country in all military, cultural and other fields and appreciates Jordan's ongoing efforts to close

Arab agriculture agency says it seeks to provide best services st seven mc

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development (AOAD) seeks to provide the best possible services to the Arab countries, including technical training to personnel involved in agricultural fields, according to Yahya Bakkour, the

AOAD director general.

Dr. Bakkour, who arrived here Tuesday from Syria in a three-day visit to Jordan, said AOAD considers. Jordan, one of the main . centres for its activities and programmes and a member that has been providing the organisation

with agricultural expertise. The AOAD is keen on promoting its cooperation with the King-

dom and is determined to help Arab countries ensure food security, said Dr. Bakkour, who is currently on a tour of Arab

Speaking at a meeting with Agriculture Minister Marwan Kamal, be reviewed future AOAD plans, including training seminars, and AOAD's financial

Dr. Bakkour said the organisa-

tion was willing to support all Jordanian agricultural development projects and would study a Jordanian plan to set up an agricultural training centre.

Dr. Kamal said Jordan was keen on paying its dues in full to the AOAD and supports the organisation in its endeavours to help Arab countries attain food

Dr. Bakkour said he would meet with other officials to discuss agricultural development in



FORKING ON AIR TRANSPORT AGREE-MENT: Jordan and Azerbaijan Tuesday open talks aimed at reaching air transport agreement enabling their respective national carriers to operate flights between Amman and Baku. Ahmad Jweiber (second from right)

director general of the Civil Aviation Authority, leads the Jordanian side to the talks with a visiting Azerbaijan team. The talks are expected to culminate with the initialling of an agreement between the two sides (Petra photo)

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Regent congratulates Peru

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Tuesday sent a cable of good wishes to the president of Peru on his nation's independence day anniversary. He wished President Fujimuro cootinued health and bappiness and further progress for the Peruvian people.

Karak health officials destroy food

KARAK (Petra) - The Health Department in Karak governorate during the first half of 1993 destroyed large amounts of food supplies because they were found unfit for human consumption, according to department sources. The sources said the department has issued 546 warnings to stores violating public health regulations. In addition, they said, the department has fined 89 stores and ordered the closure of 209 others for violations. During the same period, the sources said, 502 workers in stores selling food supplies were examined by the department to ensure that they are free of communicable diseases. In Zarqa, the health department announced Tuesday that it bas destroyed 75 tonnes of dates and 23 tonnes of olive oil.

Arab women's camp ends in Dibbin

JERASH (Petra) — A group of 310 young Jordaman and Arab women Tuesday concluded their week-long camp at Dibbin, near Ajloun. The participants, representing Palestine, Iraq, Oman and Jordan, received training in painting, plumbing, handicrafts painting on glass, hairdressing, music and mechanics. They also visited several archaeological, touristic and military sites in Jordan, as well as the Jerash Festival of Arts and Culture. Director of the Scouts Department at the Ministry of Education Abla Abu Nuwwar delivered an address at the elosing ceremony of the camp and underlined the importance of cooperation and establishing social relationships between Arab women. The aim of holding such camps, she said, was to highlight the importance of national causes for participants and to train them on shouldering responsibilities. The camp is the seventh of its kind organised in Jordan.

WHAT'S ON

EXHIBITIONS

- * "ACOR at 25," in celebration of 25 years of archaeological research in Jorden, at the American Center of Oriental Research.
- ☆ Art exhibition by Syrian artist Sakhr Farzat at the Balka Art Gallery, Fuheis City.
- * Exhibition of a new collection of art works by Princess Wiidan Ali at The Gallery, Hotel
- A Exhibition of paintings and ceramics by Ali Al Mi'mar, Hazem Al Zu'bi, Abdul Raouf Sham'oun and Jalal Ureigat at Eshbeelia Art Gallery, 6th Circle, Amra Shopping Centre.

FILM

* Feature film entitled "Murderat the Gallop" at the Brit-

ish Council at 7 p.m.

JERASH FESTIVAL ☆ Children's Arabic play entitled "Who Will Save Earth" at the Royal Cultural Centres

* Performance by the Lebanes troupe CaraCalla at the Palace of Culture, Al Hussein Youth City at 8.30 p.m.

Refugee delegates leave UNRWA meeting dissatisfied

By Lima Nabil Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - A delegation representing Palestinian refugees living in Jordan Tuesday left a meeting dissatisfied when they voiced their concern over the possibility of reduction of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) services to the refugees, in view of the agency's current financial deficit in the

1993 budget.
The delegation met with UN-RWA director in Amman Dennis Brown to air their views.

Mr. Brown reviewed the ongoing efforts on the part of UNRWA's Commissioner General Ilter Turkmen to seek more contributions from donor nations to cover the estimated \$28.5 million deficit before the end of this year.

Saying that the efforts continue unabated, Mr. Brown added that the agency's endeavours so for have earned it only promises for funds not exceeding \$3 million, he said, would be spent on emergency operations in the Israeli-occupied Arab lands.

A member of the delegation later told the Jordan Times that in the two-hour meeting the group expressed concern over problems facing the education sector as a result of possible reduction of services in the wake of the agency's latest announce-ment that it would not be able to fill all the vacancies for teachers

in the coming year. He said UNRWA recently decided to cut to 30 the 120 planned vacancies for teachers; a measure be maintained, would mean congested classes of at least 60 stu-

He said the delegation rejected such a prospect and discussed with Mr. Brown the question of UNRWA's recent decision to reduce some food supplies restrictmg them to "extremely severe

The delegate said Mr. Brown told the group that UNRWA would pursue its efforts with the donor nations to get more funds and explained the agency's financial situation.

He said the group arrived at no satisfactory result from the meetwith Mr. Brown. He sald they called on Mr.

Brown to convey the refugees' views and preempt and adverse move on the part of the agency. UNRWA, which offers services to nearly \$1.1 million registered refugees in Jordan, has an annual budget of \$285 million for its fields of operations in Lebanon, Syria, Jordan and the occupied West Bank and the Gaza

Of this budget, UNRWA has allocated \$61.2 million for its operations in Jordan, mainly financing the education sector which employs 5,000 teachers and educates 150,000 students.

Jordan approves new **British** envoy

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian government has approved the appointment of Peter Robert Mossom Hincheliffe as ambassa-dor of the United Kingdom in Jordan to succeed Patrick Eyers who is retiring.

Born in 1937, Mr. Hinchcliffe

was educated at Radley College. He then served on a short service commission with the West Yorkshire Regiment from 1955 to 1957, before attending Trinity College, Dublin, where he obtained a Bachelor of Arts degree with honours and a Master of Arts degree.

He joined the overseas civil service in 1961.

Mr. Hinchcliffe subsequently served in New York (1971), Kuwait (1974), the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (1976), before becoming Deputy High Commissioner at Dar Es Salaam in 1978. He was subsequently consul

general in Dubai (1981), head of information department in the foreign and commonwealth office (1985) and ambassador to Kuwait (1987 to 1990). He is currently British high

commissioner in Lusaka. The new British envoy is expected to take up his new post in October.

U.N. official voices appreciation for Jordan's peace efforts, troops

AMMAN (J.T.) - The United Nations appreciates Jordan's continued efforts to reach a peaceful settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict and its contribution to the U.N. peacekeeping forces around the world, President of the U.N. General Assembly Stoyan Ganev said here Tuesday.

No one can overlook Jordan's role in the current peace talks and its drive to maintain world peace by sending troops to the former Yugoslavia, Somalia and South East Asia, said Mr. Ganev at meetings with Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan. Mr. Ganev told the Jordan

Times that a suitable solution should be found to compensate countries affected by the U.N. embargo on Iraq, namely Jordan. He added that the U.N. General Assembly is expected to discuss the issue in its meeting in Septem-

ber, noting that Article 50 of the U.N. Charter constitute a legal solution to Jordan's economic situacion. Mr. Ganey also underlined the importance of a document pre-

sented, in the 1980s, by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, to the U.N. on human rights. He said be will seek, as president of the General Assembly, to adopt it as an official document. Outlining the world organisa-

tion's current drive to modernise and improve its performance, Mr. Ganev said the U.N. aims at promoting its activities in the humanitarian, economie and social arenas, as well as in the political sphere. Commenting on current critic-

ism levelled at the United Nations for adopting double stan-dards in dealing with world issues such as Palestine, Iraq and Bosnia, Mr. Ganev bad earlier said be was convinced that the world



Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and Jordan's permanent representative to the U.N., Adnan Abu Odeh, Tuesday meet with

visiting U.N. General assembly President Stoyan Ganev (Fetra photo:

was in need of a new United Nations to cater to the world events and developments and to direct its attendon towards peace

and development. Dr. Majali voiced Jordan's appreciation of the U.N. official's endeavours, but noted that bis visit to Jordan coincided with renewed Israeli aggression in southern Lebanon for the third

The raids are likely to adversely affect the ongoing peace negotiations unless they are balted, warned the prime minister.

He said peace in the Middle East is not only important for us. but for the world at large and that decision-makers ought to exert efforts to attain that peace which, he said, should be comprehensive and durable and ensure an end to conflict in the region.

The prime minister supported with Minister of Industry and the revitalising of the U.N. Trade Bassam Al Saket to review

agencies, adding that all countries regard the organisation as representing the interests of all na-

In reviewing world develop-ments with Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan at a separate meeting attended by Jordan's U.N. Permanent Representaove Adnan Abu Odeb, Mr. Ganey, a Bulgarian, listened to a review of Jordan's strong relationship and cooperation with the

U.N. and its different agencies. He also discussed the outcome of the 10th round of Arab-Israeli peace talks and current contacts over the peace process, as well as Israel's repeated violations and

aggressions on Arab lands. Mr. Ganev, who is to address the World Affairs Council Wednesday, also met Tuesday

General Assembly and the U.N. Jordan's economic restructuring programmes and international aid to the Elingdem.

Noting that for lan was reflecting to the U.N.-Imposed same-tions on Iraq, Mr. Suker drew attendon to the continued barossment of Agaba-bound vessels which, he said, is causing \$50 million in material losses to the country canually.

Mr. Saket refterated Jurdan's call on the U.N. to re-examine the present restrictions imposed on international shipping in the

The trade minister outlined Jordan's economic interests and its drive to pursue development through the help of the special-ised U.N. agencies.

Upon arriving here, Mr. Ganev said he would discuss with Jordanian officials topics on the agenda of the coming U.N. General Assembly session.

bank warns on credi The new instructions, unlike

By Suleiman Al Khalidi Reuter

AMMAN - Jordan's Central Bank, reviving IMF-directed rules, has told banks not to exceed their credit limits and imposed penalties for offenders, bankers and financial sources said Tuesday.

The bank warned violators they bad to enforce instructions issued in May limiting credit ceilings to 10 times a bank's capital or reserves, or 90 per cent of its

The latest move was prompted because credit granted up to June 30 was more than JD 100 million in excess of the half-yearly target of JD 200 million.

This was set out under an International Monetary Fund

(IMF)-agreed economic reform

The plan sets JD 400 million of loan credit given by banks for 1993 to help stem inflationary pressures and redirect economie effort towards productive sectors. The step followed routine consúltations between Jordan and

bas praised Jordan's aebieve-Bankers said some banks, which had exceeded credit limits, would be directly affected by the

capital and deposits. But the impact of the move, they say, will go much further, because it will redirect credit from Jordan's active stock exchange and the booming real

earlier ones prodding banks to remain within IMF limits, has enforcement clauses, including one which forces violating banks to place in the central bank a reserve without interest equivalent to the offence.

Violating banks which do not bave such funds would have to the IMF in early July. The fund pay 3.5 per cent interest on an equivalent sum in an obligatory reserve deposited in the central bank, bankers added.

Many officials complain in pricial market and real estate, prompted primarily by limited investment outlets to match excess liquidity, most of which came with more than 300,000 Jordanians forced to flee Kuwait be-

cause of the 1990 Gulf crisis.

They say the new move would further help meet the IMF's monetary objectives by moving banking credit more towards productive investment to boost the expert-oriented industry. "It will make banks even more

choosy because of the ceiling to

grant credit to its clients based on

their profitability and security of loans," said senior benker Hani Qaqish.

Banks are enjoying record liquidity levels of around JD 4.76 billion of deposits property massive capital inflows from Gulf war returnees.

Total accumulative commercial credit stood at JD 2.45 billion last April, most of which went to the private sector, central bank fi-

Mrs. Cetin visits QAF, tours NHF

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Tuesday received in ber office Inci Cetin, wife of the visiting Turkish foreign minister, and briefed ber on the activities of the Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund (QAF) and its services, mainly to the rural communities, women and children.

The princess, who is bonourary chairperson of QAF's Board of Trustees, presented Mrs. Cetin with a QAF publication featuring Jordan's history and depicting the main archaeological sites.
Also Tuesday, Mrs. Cetin called at Noor Al Hussein

Foundation (NHF) and was briefed by Assistant to the NHF President and Communication and Development Specialist Sima Bahous on the Foundation's development projects and programmes.



Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Tuesday receives in her office Inci Cetin, wife of the visiting Turkish foreign minister (Petra photo)

After watching a slide pre-sentation on the NHF work in family and community development, women, children culture and heritage and educacion, Mrs. Ceon toured the Jordan Design and Trade

This NHF facility extends technical, training and marketing assistance to Jordanian crafts people to enhance the standards of craft production. and ensure national and international marketing outlets for Jordanian crafts.

Mrs. Cenn was accompanied on her NHF visit by wives of the Jordanian Minister for Foreign Affairs, the Jordanian ambassador in Turkey, and of the Turkish ambassador in Jor-

PROMOTING JORDAN IN JAPAN: In exploring new openings to strengthen the bonds of friendship between Japan and Jordan and bolster better understanding of the Kingdom, its culture and heritage, Kimiko Okada, wife of the former Japanese ambassador to Jordan, Fumiya Okada, has engaged the help of wives of former Japanese ambassadors to Jordan in Tokyo. These women are highlighting their impressions about Jordan in an effort to inform other Japanese citizens about the Kingdom and its attractions. Mrs. Okada is also seeking to expand the work of the Japan-Jordan Friendship Association, as a counterpart to the Jordan-Japan Friendship Association, which is ponsored by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, as the honorary president, and managed by Sharif Jamil Ibn Nasser. In a recent letter to Ali Dajani, the honorary secretary of the Jordan-Japan Friendship Association in Amman, Mrs. Okada reported on her efforts in organising lectures, panel discussions and meetings with Japanese associations, institutes and individuals. She said participants show much interest in the Middle East struggle and also in the Gulf war and the "agony suffered by Jordan as a result of the influx of about one million people who sought temporary refuge in the country, in addition to the question of Jordanian returnees from the Gulf states. Mrs. Okada expressed hope that the Crown Prince of Jordan and the Crown Prince of Japan will strike a mutual friendship that, she said, will undoubtedly strengthen Jordanian-Japanese rela-



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Reminder for the secretary

THE RENEWED fighting across the Lebanese frontier, on a scale unmatched in recent years, offers an insight into what could happen to the region should the peace process continue to be stalemated. There is little doubt that there is a direct link between the "no peace" situation in the Middle East and the recent flare-up in the fighting between Israel and its Arab neighbours across its northern border with Lebanon. It would also be safe to say that the intensity of the war in southern Lebanon, no matter how serious and extensive it may be now, will not compare with the catastrophe that would befall the entire region should the search for a permanent and just peace persist in being elusive for much longer.

There is a clear message in all of this to U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher who intends to visit the various Middle Eastern capitals in a bid to breathe new life into the bilateral peace talks. It must be obvious to Washington by now that without a direct and effective U.S. involvement in these peace parleys, the negotiating parties would continue to drift apart till there is no chance of bridging the gap between them. By real, determined American effort, we mean spelling out in the clearest possible terms the U.S. government's position on the full import of U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338 and how they apply to the entire occupied territories, including Jerusalem. It would be safe to say that the Clinton administration has been less than candid on the future of East Jerusalem and on the geographic implications of Resolution 242 when it is finally implemented.

Israel, even under the rule of the Labour Party which came to power on the peace ticket, has been able to get away with procrastinations on several fronts affecting the Washington peace negotiations primarily because the U.S. has chosen to waiver on the key elements affecting the quest for peace in the region. Time has, therefore came for all parties, especially Washington, to underscore in the clearest possible way their respective stances. The Arab side has been more forthcoming on this score than the Israeli side which has been skirting the issue of Palestinian sovereignty over all their territories, as 242 demands, for much too long.

Mr. Christopher can extend a real helping hand to the U.S.-brokered peace process by coming out loud and clear during his impending visit to the area on the sticking points that seem to prevent the registration of real progress during the past twenty odd months.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily commented on a visit to Jordan by the Turkish foreign minister by noting that it came just before His Majesty King Hussein's expected visit to Turkey. The visit came in the framework of very close and friendly relations between Jordan and Turkey and in the course of continued efforts for promoting cooperation between Amman and Ankara in various fields, said the paper. The two countries are not only geographically close, they also have a historic relationship which serves as a basis for mutual cooperation in the economic, cultural and political domains and a foundation on which a strong future relationship could be hased, said the daily. But the paper said that the Turkish minister's visit to the Kingdom coincided with renewed Israeli war activities, creating new tensions in the Middle East. Turkey, which maintains strong ties with the Arab World in general can and ought to do something about defusing the tension and ending Israeli escalation of the aggression, added the paper. It is hoped, said the paper, that the Turkish leadership would also settle its water disputes with Iraq and Syria in order to further smooth Turkish-Arab relations. The paper described the talks between the Turkish minister and senior members of the Jordanian government as reflective of the strong and friendly ties that have always characterised the Jordanian-Turkish relationship

BY LAUNCHING its latest aggression on Lebanon, Israel bas undernined a planned tour of the region by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, said Sawt Al Shaeb Arabic daily Tuesday. The aggression has caused untold human loss of life and widespread destruction and triggered a new wave of anger in the Arab World, said the paper. The aggression bas indeed raised more drubts about the real intentions of the U.S. administration and its continued bragging about serving as a peace mediator and about the chances for the establishment of a just settlement in accordar : with the international legitimacy, said the paper. The America administration, which has failed to condemn Israel's aggressio, is facing the prospect of a totally failed mission by its secretary of state, added the daily. Furthermore, the U.S. administre con could be facing more problems should it choose to defend the arraeli aggression during the opcoming U.N. Security Council de : te over the Israeli raids on Lebanon, continued the daily. It said that unless Mr. Christopher carried with him practical ica:s about the implementation of U.N. Security Council rest tions his whole mission in the region would end up in failure.

'The United Nations has lost its moral authority' But the Muslim factor bas to be trial and put him in jail, and in can expand if it doesn't expand

Dr. Kofi Awoonor, ambassador and permanent representative of Ghana to the United Nations and chairman of the Group of 77 (grouping more than 100 developing sector nations) in 1991, is extensively interviewed by Dana S. Scanion of the monthly magazine Executive Intelligence Review (EIR). Following are excerpts from the interview conducted early this month which tackles mostly the U.N. position on various 'hat spots' of

EIR: Prior to the U.N. Human Rights conference in Vienna, the nations of Africa, in the preparatory commissions, put forward a position, a continental-wide position, which took issue with what the non-governmental organisa-tions (NGOs) and the U.S. were putting forward in the Atlanta resolution. In particular, Africa has stressed that economic development is a basic human right. Can you elaborate a little more on Africa's point of view for this

Awoonor: If you remember, hefore the conference took place in Vienna, the various regional groupings were asked to make an. the Non-Aligned Movement, which had a committee in New York to draft a common position. And one of the elements, the most important element, of course, was our continuing definioon of human rights as the right also to food, shelter, and social security. Because we don't see how anyone in their right mind can separate that from freedom from arrest, freedom of the press, freedom of association, and so on. We think that because of their western liberal traditions, this has become a fixed idea for the so-called western democra-

You don't know what we are going through, in the developing countries, after suffering so many years of colonial exploitation. We did say that in the Non-Aligned Movement, we pot in this particular viewpoint, and this viewpoint will not be negotiated away through any threats. And I must say, Africa's position has been buttressed very strongly, since we are the weakest link in the economic chain, by countries that are developing strong economies, countries in Asia in particular, by Malaysia, by Indonesia, and so on. These countries have seen a concerted attack, a conspiracy to undermine their own development efforts by a singularly austere focus on the liberal aspect of

buman rights. Q; Kenya has been one of the nutries very much targeted by the human rights mafia, which the NGOs are very much a part of. when in Washington some time ago made the point in response to a journalist complaining about the arrest of an editor, that the law on the books in Kenya allowing for the arrest and seizure of presses dates back to the British rule. He felt the law needed to be updated, but he made the point that many now being decried as antidemocratic came from the British.

A: It's almost in the same frame when we see President De Klerk of South Africa being touted as a great democratic person. This is a man who has served at the helm of one of the most repressive political machines, anywhere in the history of the world, based on our. When you read the New York Times, you would think there was no better man who ever walked this earth than Mr. De Klerk. And we are amazed at that

kind of amnesia, or denial. Thirty-six years is the blink of an eye in the life of a nation. And they want us to do! yet, we are under siege by those who have mandated the world for it. These are our people; we are so long, saying, "You're not only their spokespersons. doing enough in human rights." And I say: Enable us to have removed from a peasant origin. more social security, and then My mother never went to school.

you will see how well we will be doing in human rights.

Q: There is a big push, which was endorsed by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, for the creation of a U.N. High Commissioner on Human Rights. What is Ghana's view on that, and more broadly, what is the Non-Aligned

A: We think that idea is a nonstarter. We don't think that idea will fly through the General Assembly. The position we are going to take on this is that we have nothing against any effort to construct human rights anywhere in the world, and if the U.N. wants to have someone who sort input. And this input ended up in of listens in, fine. But we are not going to have a kind of a supreme commander of human rights, who will be given all kinds of powers to list violators, and therefore preparing those so-called violators for trial. And as one of the delegates to the human rights conference in Vienna said, we will not accept a regime of prosecutors, judges, and execution-ers all rolled into one.

> O: And accountable to whom? A: Exactly. It is an idea which has been floating around for some time. We will have to dehate it properly.

Q: So you think that if the proposcame to the floor of the General Assembly, it wouldn't go

A: It would have to come to the General Assembly, and it wouldn't fly.

Many of our countries are looking at human rights issues, but looking at them in this broader framework. We would definitely be foolish if we would deny that people are not being victimised because of a brutal police force, because the judicial system is incompetent and therefore venal in many ways, It oppresses people. If you don't address those questions, you will not be addressing any question at all. But that is subsumed by the larger question of what access people have to issues of justice. Q: It also seems that since the official policies of the United Nations bureaucracy and many of these agencies, the U.N. Population Fund and so forth, are against population growth, are against the probleration of life, and therefore to have these same agencies decrying constitutional

ognise life to be a primary buman of the laws on the books that are A: Constructed into the entire debate, if you call it that, is the Darwinian concept. Those who are the fittest are the only ones fit to live on this planet. If you are weak, hard luck. We're sorry you are poor, we're sorry you can't make it. This is what has been demonstrated during the last 12 years of both Reagan and Mrs. Thatcher in London, the two the differentiations of skin col-And they did it brilliantly. But what was the price you have to pay for it in this country? What is the price those in England have

violations in this or that country,

when they themselves do not rec-

to pay for it now? ind of amnesia, or denial. It is simply wrong to see human This becomes the basis for beings in terms of dollars and attacking countries like ours, cents, and whether the books are where we don't even have water halanced, budget deficits are elito drink, we don't even have food minated at the cost of human life. for our people, and so on. We are The hospitals are closed. There is struggling 36 years into independ- no medical delivery system anyence, to construct something, more. The ambulances cannot drive the streets. That is what

> And we are saying we can't do I come from one generation



Dr. Kofi Awooner

And I go to the village. I am in the village, that's where I spent my ome. I can't go into that village when they have no water, when they have no school, and when they have no bealth delivery system, and you're asking me to tell them about freedom of the press! Which press? Freedom of assembly? They're assembling already.

The value of life, you've correctly said it, is the centre core of the denial in western cultural concepts. And it didn't start to-

Q: The Bosnia conflict has been on the forefront of the agenda at the U.N., in words anyway, for quite some time. What is your evaluation of how the Bosnian situation has been allowed to degenerate to the point that we have seen over the months: the rape camps, the slaughter, the ethnic cleansing? What about the U.N. and also involvement in this pro-

A: Bosnia came along as part of the changes in the geopolitical situation after the collapse of the Soviet Union and the eastern European communist states, and the emergence of new nationalisms all over the place. The pity about Yugoslavia, is that the nationalism that they're talking about there has infused into it a religious factor. It's the first time that as an equation, whether you're dealing with Serbs or Croats, you're also going to be dealing with Muslims and Christians. I don't know the demograpby, but I'm sure there are Serbs who are Muslims, or Croats who are Muslims, I don't know how they are able to sort that but.

So going back to your question, at the onset of this chaos in that part of the world, the U.N. in its eternal confusion in the postis a European problem, so we hand it over to the Europeans and NATO, and NATO with its military and political component should address this question, and make sure you talk to the Russians also because the Russians share a corridor, they are there." And you know what happened: The meeting that was brokered in London sometime last year, the meeting that was held in Geneva, and so on, we've seen the move-

ment backwards and forwards. Meanwhile, as this is going on, the carnage escalates from day to day. And the U.N. comes back and says, "We have to do something about it." We have people in there who are playing a lot of chess games, and saying: "It has a lot to do with the question of Europe itself not discharging its responsibility."

If you remember, Mr. Clinton said: We couldn't go into Europe because the Europeans didn't want us to do it. But they take 800 troops into Macedonia. Why Macedonia? Because the idea is that when you put those troops in Macedonia, it sends a message that this conflict, that the carnage should not expand downstairs into almost the near Mediterranean zone of Macedonia ...

But the footdragging by the U.S. administration as a major power in the U.N. is alihied by the proposition that this is a European affair, that we can't ger

assessed. Europe is petrified of Islam. There is almost an atavistic fear which is coming out of the wellsprings of medieval thinking, that we will have another Crusade era on our hands. The fundamentalists are bere. The demonisation of the Ayatollah (Khomeini) has a lot to do with it. And we're coming back to that, after the breakup of the Soviet Union. Many, many countries or republics in that former country have become Muslim states: Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, and so nn. They are all Muslim states, and they are being pulled together, in the European assessment, into some kind of a pan-Islamic fundamentalist conspiracy. And the Bosnians are a little piece in that chess game.

So if you can contain, or if you empower the Serbians by sheer indifference to do what they're doing, you're solving a lot of problems. You're removing at least one leg or one wing of the emerging Islamic monster.

One of your senators put it very well. Joe Biden, whom I don't agree with all the time, said in one of the most vehement statements I've ever heard any American senator make, on any issue outside of this country: If it was the other way around — that is, if the Serbians were the ones being slaughtered by Muslims you can be sure the Americans would be there. The behoopters that are now shooding women and children in Mogadishu would have been operating in Europe long ago. Because we have the Galf war to prove that.

"We have nothing against any efforts to construct human rights anywhere in the world, and if the U.N. wants to have someone who sort of listens in, fine. But we are not going to have a kind of a supreme commander of human rights, who will be given all kinds of powers to list violators, and therefore preparing'? those so-called violators for trial."

Here we are: Bosnia-Herzegovina is supposed to be a U.N. problem but I can tell you, the U.N. hasn't got any clue as to how to solve it. It has troops on the ground. These troops are coming from many, many of the European naoons, but they do not take instructions from any organised U.N. command system. Just as the situation is unfolding in Mogadishu: You have a U.N. presence, but it is dominated by a particular country.

The Europeans dominate the Bosnian situation, and they will play it according to their own

Q: As far as Somalia is concerned, there seem to be two standards, where the U.S. is fully capable of deploying the armed might of what remains the world's greatest industrial power to fight a "war-lord" in Somalia, and yet stands impotently by on the Bosnia side. What do you see as the U.S. role in Somalia presently?

and I talked to a few of my friends before I gave this interview, because I wanted to know what the other African delegations were thinking. Many of them agreed with my position. Somalia is virtually a leftover of a Reagan-Bush agenda - an agenda which echoes what had taken place in Grenada, in a miserable little country around the corner here, (and) Panama, where they

A: I gave an interview to BBC

that and put time in jair, and that middle-class community the Panama case, that man was created by them! So, yes indeed. Somalia did collapse, after the flight of Siad Barre, that country was going to pieces.

You see, one of the tricks that is being played now, is that for all bumanitarian, and civilian, and other peacekeeping operations, they want to create a huge component of civilian advisers, and Somalia is the experiment ground. So the lady who was in Iraq. April Glaspie - the (U.S.) ambassador in Iraq who told Saddam Hussein that there would be no problems if he launched a war - is in Somalia. Apart from her, there is (retired U.S. Navy Adm. Jonathan T.) Howe (the chief U.N. envoy in Somalia), and quite a lot of these political people who were part of the Reagan-Bush system, and they are there. Q: Kenya is a neighbour of Somalia, and in much the same way

that Siad Barre was targeted a few years ago for human rights violations, for being a dictator, and a lot of money flowed into the opposition to topple him, and the position was very much based on the tribal component; there was no unified opposition with a plan to run the country. Kenya is being targeted in very much the same way, and you see the opposition there also has degenerated into tribal groups. Isn't there a danger of the Somalisation of Kenya or other countries?

A: Yes, in other parts of the continent, in particular in East Africa. Except that the scenario in Kenya is slightly different historically. One has to deal with the background before one can assess what is going to be happening on the ground. If you remember, Somalia was used as part of the chessboard against President Mengista in Ethiopia. It is true, Kenya has always

been a U.S. or western ally, one of the darlings of the western world, since British days, and later after independence, when Kenyatta made bis peace with Britain. The most corrupt network of economic relationships anywhere on the continent could be found in Kenya - barring other places closer to bome, in my bome region. So, having said that, Arap Moi, who emerged after Kenyatta's death, came Kikuyu, which are the majority tribe, see power as their preserve. They must run that country. This always played this game of tribes. This has been the perfect recipe for the entire imperial and colonial agenda: You pit tribe against mial agenda: You pit those against tribe. But it has to be a tribe that A: Yes, a resolution has been// you can use by its numerical passed by the Security Council. strength, the way the Hausas were used in Nigeria, the Kikuyus are playing a role now in Kenya. So the opposition, as you correctly said, bas been fragmented into tribal groups, because the

Kikuyus want power.
I think the level of development in Kenya is much higher than that of Somalia. Kenya has had a more stable economy, a more sustained level of development, comparatively, than Somalia has enjoyed. We think that Kenya against a similar fate of Somalia. So we come to our economic arguments again; is less immediately possible, unless you are talking about a full blown war.

If you remember Biafra, Nigeria could sustain that, because human and physical develophave that level of development. shields it against chaos.

various tribes. We hope that because of that, they will have the sense to know that they cannot be used to destroy their own coun-

Q: Sudan is clearly one of the countries in Africa that is being demonised around the world, like Aystollah Khomeini. And there is talk of the U.N. intervening in the south. What is your asses the Sudanese situation?

A: Let me begin with the fact that there has been a process of dialogue going on over the past few months, hrokered by the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), in Abuja, Nigeria. It has not made much headway. I think that a review of that process will be made come the next summit in Cairo at the end of this month of June. Having said that, the Sudanese situation is very much part of what I said, the anti-Islamic onslaught which is coming from what I would call the Christian democracies of the world. who see Islam or a resurgent Islamic fundamentalism in the

world as the enemy.

The OAU itself has enough pressure; that is why Ghana and others are very important. We have Muslims in Ghana. We have 28 per cent Muslim, 30-32 per cent Christians, and the rest are you name it. And we want that pluralism be considered as the most sane way for the Sudan to proceed.

This was all hegun by Nimeiri, who was created by the United States (in September 1983, President Gaafar Mohammad Nimeiri's government first de creed that Islamic law, Sharia would be strictly enforced throughout the country - ed.) And (Nimein's successor) President Bashir and others are in the pocket of the rich fundamentalist states, particularly of Iran, and we also hear he is getting support from Iraq.

We don't like the manner in which the West wants to eoter into that fray, through the use of the United Nations. Yes indeed, if there is humanitarian work to be done, let us go and do it. But as we always say, humanitarian work or situations that lead to the from a very small tribe, and the need to do humanitarian work, most have fundamental causes, so you must go in and find out way. Aind that is a pacific process, problem multiplies itself across where you've got to sit down and the continent. And the western talk to people and find out what hink: you don't go in there with belicopters and gunships.

Q: Can you fill us in on the immediate situation in Baiti?

imposing primarily an oil blod-age on Haiti, giving them seven days to reinstall Jean-Bertrand Aristide as president. This can be explained by the fact that, after the seven days, when Haiti does not conform, the Canadians offered, when (Prime Minister Brian) Mulroney came to visit with Mr. Clinton, to use the Canadian Navy to blockade

After the prime minister, Marc Bazin, resigned, we thought the because of that, it will cushion gate was opened a little bit for the secretary general's envoy, Dante Caputo, and the OAS (Organisation of American States), which where people have a certain level of development, a total collapse baton of the United States, to go in and begin some kind of addiscourse. The Caribbean could tries were taking a very good, a very strong position, that we need to have dialogue. But what is there is a level development, both Caricom (Caribbean Common. Market) compared to the OAS, ment, that could take that shock which is funded by the United and survive it. But Somalia, like a States? So the OAS position has few other countries, does not carried the weight in the Security Council. The countries that are So we're hoping that that itself there in the Security Council, that should be able to help them to Also let me add: Kenya, unlike construct an intelligent alterna-Somalia. has enjoyed a very tive to what they are going to be captured somebody to put him on 'steady middle class. No country doing now, are not going to talk.

West tells Bosnians: Deal now or lose everything

By Patrick Worsnip

Reuter

LONDON - On the eve of a "final" round of Bosnia peace talks, the western message to the Muslims is stark — negotiate now, while you still have something to negotiate about.

With Serb forces stepping up the pressure around the capital Sarajevo and other Muslim-held Bosoian areas, western officials are trying to convince President Alija Izetbegovic his options are narrowing and time is running

No one can be sure the United Nations and European Community mediators at the Geneva peace talks will succeed in their aim of continuing the negotiations until a settlement is

The talks, begun last September, have been subject to repeated interruptions and delays and many influential Muslims, includ- postponements of the talks, has

believed to favour fighting on. The deal on the table, proposed originally by Serbia and Croatia, would turn the once

multi-ethnic republic of Bosnia into a loose confederation divided into three mini-states for Serbs, Croats and Muslims respectively. The Muslim-led Bosnian gov-

ernment says it is a bad plan and has put forward its own for a decentralised unitary state. But a similar plan formerly advanced by the mediators was rejected by the Serbs two months ago and seems past rescuing.
The mediators, Lord Owen

and Thorvald Stoltenberg, say the three-state confederation idea is far from ideal and western governments have also refrained from endorsing it openly. But all say it is, in effect, the only game in town.

Mr. Izetbegovic, who travelled to Geneva on Monday after two

ing Vice-President Ejup Ganic suggested at least twice that he and senior military officers, are may have to accept it in the end, apparently bowing to western arguments that the longer he delays, the less he will get.

"If this doesn't come off in the next week, the offer of a confederal solution does not stay on the table, Lord Owen was quoted as saying in an interview published on Saturday by the British newspaper The Daily Telegraph.

"If there is no progress, I think the Serb cause will be handed over to general (Ratko) Mladic (the Bosnian Serb commander), who with great relish will move his forces across Bosnia-Herzego-

Already, the Serb forces have tightened their grip on Sarajevo. Most analysts believe their aim is not to capture the city but help their leaders to dictate terms of Geneva.

The United Nations has approved a plan to protect Sarajevo and five other "safe areas" with peacekeeping troops backed by NATO warplanes stationed in Italy. NATO, however, last week postponed the start of the air back-up operation.
The official explanation was

lack of air traffic controllers in Bosnia, but diplomats in Brussels also suggested the U.N. did not want to give Mr. Izetbegovic the idea, ahead of the talks, that the world community was about to intervene in his favour.

Western officials, while publicly blaming the Serbs for the disaster in Bosnia, bave been privately critical of the Muslims for clinging to unrealistic hopes of outside military intervention. Some West European officials

feel most of the killing could have been avoided if the Muslims had not, in May of last year, backed out of EC-sponsored talks after agreeing in principle to a threecanton plan similar to the deal

now on the table.
"If Mr. Izetbegovic had done it a year ago, he would be in a different situation now," one diplomat said. "Negotiation is the only way. Nobody's going to fight

this war for him."

Muslim objections to the confederal plan are that it will cause further "ethnic cleansing" — the expulsion of people on ethnic grounds, will not stop most of Bosnia being annexed to Serbia or Croana, and could tempt the Serbs, who already hold 70 per

cent of Bosnia, to push for more. "If (Owen and Stoltenberg) continue down this flawed path... they will inevitably have to adjust their mediation position to reflect almost any position promoted by the stronger party," Bosnia's U.N. envoy Muhamed Sacirbey wrote last week.

Western commentators who sympathise with the Muslims argue that if the Serbs get their way in Bosnia, this could promote conflicts throughout the Balkans that will threaten the West in a way that the war in former

Yugoslavia has not done so far. But, for western governments, such arguments bave been outweighed by fears of becoming stuck in a mllitary "quagmire"

they will never be able to get out

In Britain, Prime Minister John Major told an opposition parliamentarian last week: "(You) may be an enthusiast for putting British troops in the middle of Bosma. I am not."

In the United States, which bas bowed to Eoropean objections to its proposals to bomb the Serbs and supply arms to the Muslims, Secretary of State Warteo Christopher said last week there was nothing more Washington could

U.S. officials, while worried about the spillover of the Bosnian war to other Balkan regions, dismiss the idea that a deal in Geneva could encourage this pro-

"A negotiated settlement agreed upon by all the parties is the best way to end the conflict. and prevent it from spreading. Stephen Oxman, an assistant secretary of state, told a congressional hearing last Wednesday.



The smothering 'curtain' that affects everyone

is the second, and last, part of an article written by Colin Edwards for the Link, a magazine published by Americans for Middle East Understanding, about his experience with Zionist censorship in the field of news reporting and documentary production.

Censorship at KALW-FM San Fransisco

In March 1990 a producer at KALW-FM, a public radio station owned by the San Francisco Unified School District, invited me to do a weekly commentary, of an "Op-Ed" nature, on world affairs. After decades of just straight reporting, producing documentaries and recording in terviews in many countries, I thought it was time that I shared with the public some conclusions I had arrived at, as well as some historical background on situations abroad that were important, especially information that had been sadly lacking in the mass media, as I had observed it, I would bring out facts that correspondents would tell you if you sat down personally with them but had not been able to say on the air or get into print.

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These commentaries went on the air on March 28, 1990. I was allowed ten minutes and they were broadcast at 9:35 a.m. each Wednesday. Among the governments I dealt with very critically in the next two years and three months were, in addition to Israel: Lehanon, Cambodia, Thailand, South Africa, Malaysia, Indonesia, Taiwan, Singapore, Saudi Arabia, Vietnam, Korea, Turkey, Yugoslavia, Germany, Burma, Kuwait, England, Iraq, the United States, and my own land of origin, Wales.

Beginning with the Aug. 22, 1990 commentary, my weekly airtime was cut to between five and six minntes.

My reports and comments on Israeli government actions brought frequent complaints from local Zionist organisations and individuals. Statioo Manager Daniel Del Solar told me of these every time I encountered him at the station. In a letter responding to a pro-Israeli listener who had complained of some things he claimed I had said (but bad not) in my "vile" commentaries. Del Solar identified a senior member of his staff as "a strong supporter of Edwards." I considered this a betrayal hy him of a subordinate. Also, what if that listener was a member of the murderous Jewish Defence League or had friends in it? They might have gone after that named staff member. I am the only one who should be responsible for my remarks and I accept the risks associated with them. No one else should be victimised on account of me.

One day, when I encountered Del Solar at the station, he said: "Aren't you anti-Semitic?" On Another occasion, when I suggested be invite William M. Mandel, author of "Soviet bnt not Russian," about non-Russian republics and minorities in the old Soviet Union, and six other books on the USSR, to do some commentaries oo the break up of that empire, Del Solar replied: "No. I don't think so. He was a member of the communist party,

as you were." The fact is that Mandel quit the Communist Party in 1956, over the Soviet invasioo of Hungary and the Russians' hrutal suppressioo of the Hungarian revolution, and he has a considerable reputation as a scholar. As for myself, I never was a member of the communist party. In fact, ever since I became pobtically aware in my secondary school days I have regarded the totalitarian communist system of single party rule, denial of freedom of speech, secret police methods and labour camps for political dissidents as repugnant.

I saw Del Solar's sly insinuations as attempts to provoke me into "walking out" of the station in high dudgeon and giving up my programme slot bot I remembered what some senior members "Just ignore him. We do." After all, my real relationship there was with my listeners, dozens of whom had written letters praising my programmes and many more who had telephoned the station expressing their strong support for them. I did not want to let them down just because of the idiotie remarks of Del Solar.

Del Solar's animosity took on a more insuiting tone at one stage. Shortly after I started doing my commentaries for KALW, the station staff had told me that the tape I was using to record them in the small studio I have in my home was not up to their standard and that I must use some of their tape, Since I was not being paid for my commentaries, nor for my expenses in delivering them to the station in San Francisco from my home across the Bay, they felt that the station

should provide the tape, anyway. When recording my commentaries, I often did some last minute editing, which means that there were splices in them. The station staff made it very clear that they did not reuse tape with splices in it. I was glad to hold on to the tapes because I had discovered that KALW did not maintain the old radio custom of making and keeping "air-checks" (i.e. recordings) of its broadcasts. Knowing that I might be challenged on what I was saying in my commentaries, I wanted a record - on tape - of them all.

One day I received a phone call from Del Solar accusing me of taking statioo property because I had used station tape and retained the recordings of my commentaries. I was ontraged at this but be continued to put that construction on the arrangement bad with bis staff. So, from them oo I purchased tape out of my own pocket to do my commentaries Oo June 30, 1985, I had read in

that day's San Francisco Examiner, the Hearst flagship newspaper, a report on an interview with a member of the San Francisco Board of Supervisors (City Council), Quentin Kopp, titled "Kopp's Israel Diary," In It, Kopp described the mooth he had just completed as a "Volunteer for Israel," unpacking military supplies at a warehouse on an Israeli jet fighter hase in the Negev. The article said: "It's difficult to see how the Israel army got their money's worth out of San Francisco Supervisor Kopp.... In teer programme, interested persons pay \$500 for plane fare. In exchange, Israel gives them boots, fatigue uniforms, three meals a day and a warm place to sleep. They also get huck-private's jobs on Israeli military hases for thirty days."

Illustrating the interview was a photo of Kopp and two friends, all in Israeli uniform, at the air base near the town of Arad. Describing what Kopp had told him of one incident there, the reporter wrote: "Kopp and his friends made the mistake of wearing their uniforms on a visit to the Red Sea resort of Taha Beach, and they got rousted by Israeli soldiers in civvies. That's because both Israel and Egypt elaim Taba Beach and, in the Camp David Accords, Israel promised not tostation uniformed troops there." In the July 3, 1985 issue of The

San Francisco Chroniele, that city's principal morning paper, there were two articles referring to Supervisor Kopp and the programme that took him and other foreigners, Jews and non-Jews, to Israel to don Israeli military uniforms. One of the articles was titled "A Stint in the Israeli Reserves: Rewards of Roughing it in Reserves." It noted that "since 1982 and the start of the Lebanon

the shortage in the Israeli army.'

"Easing the shortage in a milit-ary force" well describes the

function of a military reserve. The other article, illustrated by two more snapshots of Kopp in Israeli uniform, consisted of excerpts from Kopp's diary for the 30 days he spent in the Israeli military in 1985. They included the following verhatim statements: "May 22: ...In the afternoon 1 help Limor (another volunteer) move a bomh to the flight repair sbop... May 22: about 9:30 a.m. there's a flam-boyant ceremony to celebrate the promotion of Ori, Miri and a third soldier (Dorit) to corporal.... June 16: ... We turn in our

The day after those articles appeared in the San Francisco Chronicle, I happened to hear Kopp describing his service on the Israeli air bases on a radio talk show, the Ron Owens programme, on the ABC radio outlet in San Francisco, KGO. Kopp recommended a stint in the Voluoteers for Israel" programme to Owens and his listeners. explaining that anybody between 18 and 65, or 62, years of age, including women, were welcome to join. He repeatedly gave an address and a telephone number through which interested persons could get information and application forms. "If you are stuck and can't get through (on the phone) or something," he said, 'call my office and I'll be happy to give you the information.... I've already had somebody write me from Walnut Creek who isn't Jewish, an ex-Marine Corps pilot. As a matter of fact, he flew Skyhawks, he said, and he wants to get into the programme. And so I sent him the address and the

telephone number," At least a couple of callers on the programme described how they had been going over to Israel as "volunteers for Israel" year after year, one to serve as a tank driver.

I recalled all this when I was preparing my Sept. 11, 1991 KALW commentary, in which I was remarking on Zionist influence in American politics and said that I had heard of public officials in the U.S. serving in. the Israeli armed forces reserves. "and gave Quentin Kopp, by now a California State Senator, as a local example.

That term "reserves" had been used twice by the San Francisco Chronicle in its description of the "Volunteers for Israel" programme and I think the words "armed scribes the nature of the "Volum teers for Israel" programme, even though "armed forces volunteer reserves" would have been more precise. They all constitute forms of "military re-

From a friend who reads the Northern California Jewish Bulletin regularly I heard that its Nov. 22, 1991, issue had an item reading: "California State Senator Quentin Kopp (Independent, San Francisco) retracted his threat to file a libel suit against S.F. radio station KALW this week after the station promised to air an apology for hroadcasting a statement that Kopp had been in the Israeli military. Colin Edwards, an occasional guest commentator on the station, told a radio audience, Sept. 11, that Kopp had served in the Israeli army and advocated other Americans join the Israeli reserves. Actually, Kopp had lent his services to Volunteers for Israel, an American organisation that places Americans — who pay their own way — in non-paid Israel army support positions for

several weeks at a time." I had not received from KALW's manager, Daniel Del Solar, any indication that it had been threatened with a lawsuit hy Senator Kopp because of any-

hazard ahead, has returned to

Australia after successful testing

aboard a Cessna light plane over

the Sakurajima volcano in Japan.

very interested in its development

as Japan is particularly suscepti-

hle to volcanie ash clouds. Mr.

Prata said Qantas, KLM and

Japanese airlines are said to be

with Del Solar he was absolutely unapologetic.

I supplied him with copies of the 1985 issues of the San Francisco Chronicle and Examiner containing the articles quoting Kopp on his service at the Israeli air force base and the photographs of him in Israeli uniform, as well as verbatim transcriptions of the relevant Kopp remarks on the Ron Owens talk show. Yet, Del Solar said he planned to go ahead with

his broadcast apology to Kopp. On Nov. 27, 1991, Del Solar went on the air on KALW and apologised to Kopp for my allegedly "eroneous statements" in my Sept. II commentary.

Early in 1992, Del Solar told me he was giving the Israeli Consulate General a chance to respood to remarks made about his government's action by myself and another KALW commentator, Sasha Futran (who was also taken off the air soon after me). It was to be a lengthy interview conducted by Del Solar. In his introduction to the interview, Del Solar declared: "In the June, 1967 war, Israel was not considered the aggressor. It was under attack by Egypt, Syria and Jordan

"Judging by the near complete blacking out by most of the newspapers and other media in this country and abroad of this important story of ADL spying and the involvement of many law-enforcement officers nationwide, the heavy weight of the "Zion Curtain" is still being felt, almost smothering the public's right to know what it needs to know about matters affect-

and, wheo it fought back, it occu-pied the land." (Del Solar apparently didn't know that even Israeli generals and politicians have discarded this myth).

ing everyone."

One June 22, 1992, a KALW staff member telephoned me to say that I was being taken off the air on the orders of Daniel Del Solar, I called Del Solar and he said it was because he needed my forces reserves" accurately de- 'six minute commentary spot for ogramming of a more e tional nature. I remarked: "Ob. come on, your decision was political." "Everything is political," he responded.

My last commentary was broadcast on July 1, 1992. At its end I told the listeners: "This is the last of my regular commentaries on KALW. It was not my decision to stop. This station has received many objections to my remarks from the Israeli Consulate General and Zionist orga-nisations and individuals."

When listeners telephoned Del Solar to object to my commentaries being taken off the air, Del Solar told them that my statement was a lie. That he was not responding to any outside

An investigative reporter for the San Francisco Weekly, the only Bay area paper to say anythiog about my termination, wrote in its July 29, 1992 issue: 'Outspoken radio commentator Colin Edwards has been fired from KALW-FM after a monthslong campaign by the Jewish Anti-Defamation League and the threat of a lawsuit by state Sena-tor Quentin Kopp.... The Kopp incident spurred the Anti-Defamation League (ADL) into action. Assistant Director Nancy Diner said last week. 'We started

was not the ADL's intention to force Edwards off the air, one member of the group recently compiled a list of Edwards' alleged inaccuracies and took them to station manager Daniel Del Solar in a personal effort to get Edwards fired.

"Del Solar denied that the campaign against Edwards figured in his decision to end Edwards' four year-old programme. 'He was getting boring,' Del Solar said. But producer Alan Far-ley confirmed that outside pressure provoked the firing. 'Edwards' commentaries have drawn a lot of flack from the Israeli consulate and elsewbere in the Jewish community, he said. 'Our station manager finally got tired of dealing with it.'

"Loyal listeners, upset at the decision, jammed the station switchboard with irate calls for half an hour after Edwards announced that the July 1 programme was his last, Farley said Del Solar responded to the article in a letter to the editor of the San Francisco Weekly, stating: "Mr. Edwards' journalistic integrity was completely compromised in my mind hy the lie he stated on the air during his sixminute KALW commentary. Edwards said, or inferred strongly

enough for listeoers to consider

as fact, that I had been forced by the Israeli Consulate and other 'Zionist forces' to remove Edwards from the air." Nancy Diner of the ADL wrote to the San Francisco Weekly diselaiming "credit for something with which we bad little to do. For our part, we simply asked KALW's management for an equal opportunity to be heard. No attempt at censorship, No attempt to get Edwards fired. Kudos to KALW for recognising

its editorial responsibility. He letter brought a rejoinder from a member of KALW's advisory board, Herbert G. Susmann, who wrote, in a letter to the editor of the San Francisco Weekly: "I was present at a KALW board meeting on April 30 when the then-manager (Daniel Del Solar) read a letter from B'nai B'rith asking for the removal of Mr. Edwards In fact, in a July 3I memo to a member of the school administration, the station manager stated that 'important organisations in the Jewish community communicated their desire to have Mr. Edwards removed from

KALW." The final paragraph of a July 15, 1992 San Francisco Weekly article on my being taken off the air dy Del Solar i Francisco school district runs the station, and school board member Tom Ammiano called for an investigation into Edwards' firing. 'I am concerned about censorship,' he said. 'It's not up to Del Solar to decide these things. The board sets policy. We don't want to look as though we cave in to pressure, although we always

Knowing of the Board of Education's pressing financial problems I delayed getting in touch with it until March 22, when I wrote to its president, Mr. Ammiano, demanding a public apology for Del Solar's public attacks on my journalistic standards and personal integrity. The Schools Superintendent wrote to me a few days later, saying that I would receive a response within ten days but, despite a further enquiry (by phone) and another promise of an early response, to this date of writing (May 25, 1993) I have heard nothing further from the board regarding my demand for an apology, nor has there been any news of an investigation into Del Solar's actions.

The ADL spy operation

Meanwhile, since Dec. 10, 1992, a scandal involving the antiagents and investigators for the San Francisco District Attorney's Office raided the San Francisco and Los Angeles offices of the ADL and the homes of a veteran 9-year) undercover spy for the ADL, Roy Bullock, and a recent-

of them American but including English and South Africa, have paid their way to Israel to ease to me but when I brought this up tion on a wide range of political groups and activists, mostly on the left and among black and other ethnic miporities, and feeding them to Bullock who also was a paid informant for the South African intelligence service.

The police say that some of

these illegally acquired files found their way into the ADL offices. An ADL spokeswoman, Barbara Wahl, has revealed that the ADL passes information on to the government of Israel, a fact that has been suspected for many years. An article by the Jewish investigative journalist Robert I. Friedman in the Village Voice of May 11, 1993, quoted from a July 1961 letter from the ADL's National Director (1946-1983) Ben Epstein to Saul Joftes, Executive Secretary of B'Nai B'rith (the pareot organisation to the ADL), requesting \$25,000 for his ADL spies. Epstein explained in the letter: "Our information, in addition to being essential for our own operations, has been of great value to both the United States State Department and the Israeli government. All data bave been made available to both countries with full knowledge to each that we were the source," Epstein's Associate National

Director and, for forty-six years (1940-1986), the general counsel for the ADL, Arnold Forster, wrote in his autohiography, "Square One," that, from the time he took up his post in the ADL and until he retired, he operated a network of undercover agents who were infiltrated ioto many organisations disliked hy the ADL and used methods that can surely be considered burglary. He describes how his "investigators" would gain the confidence of the targets of their spying and then, in their absence and without their knowledge, open file cabioets of confidential documents in their homes or offices and photograph the contents. At times when their targets returned to the premises while Forster's spies were at work, one ADL spy hid in a coal hin; another escaped with an accomplice over a rooftop.

Forster even admitted in the book that be acted as "a source" for the Israeli intelligence and terrorism ageocy, Mossad,

Robert I. Friedman, the New York Village Voice reporter, won the 1989 Smolar Award for Ex-cellence in North American Jewish Journalism, which is pre-sented by the Couocil of Jewish Federations. In his book "The False Prophet' (Lawrence Hill Books, 1990), about the leader of Kahane, Friedman charged that a top official in the Brooklyn office of the ADL for many years, Bernard Deutsch, was a key member of a covert group that oversaw some of the Jewish Defence League's terrorist actions in the U.S. Other members of the group included Yitzhak Sbamir (1940's Stern Gang terrorist, fossad's Chief of Operations until 1965 and, later, Prime Minister of Israel), and also three top Mossad officers, several Israeli army officers (who gave weapons training in Israel to American Jewish youths io the JDL), several wealthy American and Israeli businessmen, and former Irgun terrorist and current Knesset Member Geula Cohen. The group's operations in support of the ADL were financed from the profits of Deutsch's investment business before he was indicted and convicted of stock fraud and

convicted Mossad spy Jonathan Pollard "wrote to friends that a prominent ADL leader was deeply involved in the Israeli spy operation" (in which) "Pollard... while assigned to the Navy's Anti-Terrorist Alert Centre, where he had access to the most closely guarded U.S. secrets, secutors, could fill a room the size of a large closet... ten feet hy six feet hy six feet," Robert Friedman added: "Pollard's (Mossad) handler was Avi Sella an Israeli Air Foree Colonel Iv retired San Francisco Police whose wife worked for the New

According to Friedman, the

tax evasion in 1975.

York ADL as a lawyer.... In friend I wrote a letter to the 1987, the ADL came under FBI scrutiny in the wake of the Pollard spy scandal."

The ADL spy octwork is now headed by Irwin Soall, Director of the ADL's "Fact Finding" department in New York, Bullock works under bim as his "No. 1 investigator." Suall's spying system works closely with one run by the American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC). The latter's spy operation was exposed io articles in the July 1992 issue of the Washington Report on Middle East Affairs by its Executive Editor, Richard H. Curtiss and by a former (1990-1991) AIPAC "opposition researcher," Gregory D. Slabodkin in a story by Sheldon L. Richman in the October 1992 issue of the same journal, and in a piece hy Robert L. Friedman In the Aug.

, 1992 issue of Village Voice. Slabodkin, now in Israel, was quoted hy Friedman in a later article in the Village Voice as saying: "The level of cooperation (between the ADL and AIPAC) was very close. If we felt our files were lacking, we contacted the

Among the Arab-American groups targeted by Bullock was the American-Arah Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC). He personally infiltrated it so successfully that the ADC chose him to head an ADC delegation to lohby San Francisco Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi. In a strategy to belp the ADL discredit the ADC, Bullock even got some of his neo-Nazi and White Supremacist contacts to attend ADC meetings and apply for

membership. ADL spokespersons maintain that they have done nothing illeg-al in their employment of Bullock and that they have cooperated fully with the police. The police say it has not and, on that basis, got search warrants for a second raid on ADL offices in San Francisco and Los Angeles oo April 8, 1993, seizing documents that they say the ADL bad promised to provide before but had not.

Politics has entered the picture. In Los Angeles the L.A. Police Department did not cooperate with San Francisco police investi-gators and the FBI, saying it was 'a sensitive matter.'

San Francisco police say that there are now police officers and sheriffs all over the U.S. feeding confidential information from government files on activist groups and just plain critics of Israel to ADL spies like Bullock. Tom Gerard, the former San Francisco police intelligence officer who did this, was among many U.S. law enforcement offiwho took ADL-sponsored all-expenses-paid, two-week trips to Israel to be shown Israeb methods of dealing with unruly Arabs and to receive political hriefings. Also taking one of these junkets, when he was the police chief, was the current mayor of San Francisco, Frank

Jordan's election campaign is said to have been dreamed up at a meeting between journalist Warren Hinckle, lawyer Jack Davis and State Senator Quentin Kopp (the man who threatened KALW with a lawsuit over my statement that he had served in the Israeli armed forces reserves).

Kopp was interviewed by the San Francisco Daily Journal, a legal paper, about a class action suit taken out against the ADL by former Congressman Paul N. ("Pete") McCloskey, Jr, who with his wife Helen was among the spying targets of Bullock. The plaintiffs in the suit included me. Kopp told the Daily Journal teporter that I was "a notorious anti-Semite" and said that he was dismayed that McCloskey would associate himself with me.

On the advice of a lawyer everyone.

editor of the Daily Journal giving broadcast dates and publication dates of reports I had done on Nazi atrocities against Jews and

the reemergence of Nazis in the West German military, police and judicial establishments, of my interviews with Dr. Israel Shahak and other Israelis, of my work with Moshe Menuhin on his antohiography, and of other works of mine that illustrate that my criticism bas not been of Jews, as Jews, but of Zionist ideology and Israel's policies and actions. On May 5, 1993, The San Francisco Daily Journal published a truncated version of the two pages the editor had said he would print in the Letters to the

Editor section. While it kept in full a section where I described critical commentaries I had done on Arah regimes, it cut out completely my mentions of interviews I had done with leaders of the ANC, ZANU and SWAPO African liberation movements (in the early 1970's) who talked of Israel's close ties with Apartheidist South Africa, interviews with Israeli dissidents who described oppression of Palestinians, interviews with Ashbal (PLO "Young Lions") youngsters who talked of their respect for Jews like Israel Shahak and Moshe Menuhin, my report from Syria on the situation of the Jewish community there that, like similar reports by Mike Wallace and a National Geographie reporter, contradicted Zionist propaganda on the subject, my commentaries on Zionist collaboration with the Nazis, Italian fascists and Japanese militarists before and during World War II, and on the Israeli attack on the U.S.S. Liberty, and the strange circumstances surrounding the death of Norman Wallen, who was planning to make a film on that incident that would bave featured prominently the heroism

of two Jewish members of the Liberty's crew. As for former Police Inspector Tom Gerard, he returned from bis hideaway in the Philippines on May 6 and was immediately arrested on eleven hastily-drawn felony charges. The number of charges was reduced the following day, as was the hail (from \$250,000 to \$20,000). He claims he left the Philippines because be feared the CIA would try to have him killed there after he had threatened to blow the whistle oo CIA involvement with death squads io Central America. where he served as a CIA agent from 1980 to 1984, if he was indicted in the ADL spying case.

On May 10, in a development that surprised everyooe with knowledge of the tremendous Zionists in San Francisco, as elsewhere in the country, "a source close to the criminal probe" told the San Francisco Examiner that "top officials of the Anti-Defamation League are the ultimate targets of the San Francisco District Attorney's domestic spying investigation.... Gerard and Bullock are only 'cogs', the source said."

It seems that at last a small dedicated group of public servants are willing to challenge the might of Zionist influence over the political, law-enforcement and judicial establishments in this country in order to protect the constitutional rights of ordinary citizens and residents.

However, in contrast, judging hy the near complete hlacking out hy most of the newspapers and other media in this country and abroad of this important story of ADL spying and the involvement of many law-enforcement officers nationwide, the heavy weight of the "Zion Curtain" is still being felt, almost smothering the publie's right to know what it needs to know about matters affecting

...stole thousands of pages of Defamation League has been deof his staff had told me once: war, more than 3,000 Jews, most thing I had said on the air, or that transcribing (Edwards') shows to veloping. On the date, FBI classified documents for Israel, AIR CONDITIONERS which, according to federal pro-Disaster-stopper grounded for lack of interest

By Jack Taylor

Agence France Presse

SYDNEY — Australian scientists who invented a device which can warn airline pilots of potential disaster fear they may be forced overseas to find a company willing to complete its commercial development.

The device, which warns of conditions responsible for a large number of air crashes and near misses, also has an export potential for whichever country develops it of \$270 million, chief designer Fred Prata said Monday.

Oxford-educated. Ptata said due to the economie downturo bere, the one company which wanted to develop the device had pulled out and no other had been found willing to invest the needed \$6.75 million in developing the Airborne Hazard Detection System (AHDS).

The device, developed in the laboratories of the Australian government's Commonwealth

em an english change (15) (15) (15)

Scientifie and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO), gives early warning of volcanic ash clouds, constant hazard to aircraft flying over parts of Asia, North America and elsewhere.

The U.S. scientific journal Nature reported last week that volcanie ash was known to have caused damage to at least 60 airliners and the risks were increasing.

which made a remarkable safe landing after a cloud of ash stopped all four engines over Mount Redoubt in Alaska on a flight from Amsterdam to Anchorage in December, 1989.

replaced at a cost of \$80 million. The multi-functional AHDS. which Mr. Prata believes will be marketed for around \$135,000 also warns of two other hazards feared by pilots: clear-air turbulence and low-level windshear, which have caused many crashes.

The 10 kilogramme device,

One of the jets was a KLM 747

Seattle to see Boeing engineers The four engines had to be who were also keen to encourage development of the device, but thought somebody else should develop it.

British Airways are also interested, but do not see the airfine industry as having a development role for this sort of project. Mr. Prata, principal research scientist at the CSIRO Division of Atmosphere Research, told AFP he had made two trips to

He said volcanie ash is a particular bazard to aircraft flying the North Pacific routes to North America from countries like Japan, China, Hong Kong and

which works by identifying the infra red "signature" of the "We know of 17 incidents around Mount Pinatubo from the beginning of its last eruption on June 12, 1991," said Mr. Prata, who has a doctorate in atmospheric physics.

"I understand a U.S. geological survey says 60 aircraft are known to have been damaged hy ash. Our system would give five to 10 minutes warning of ash and that's plenty time for avoiding Boeing was very willing to en-

courage its development and in fact there are a number of companies in the United States that would be willing to develop it. Because it has been developed in Australia we want to see an Australian company manufacture it and I'm very disappointed that we haven't been able to find one so far willing to take the opportunity that is offered. "We intend to keep looking for a little longer yet, but we may still be forced to

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Experts: Billion jobs needed to cope with growing labour force

billion jobs must be created worldwide in the next 10 years, if only to prevent the gap between the poor and nich from widening, demographic experts bave agreed in a series of published reports. By 2025, the earth's population will have grown to 8.5 billion, against 5.5 million today, and those of working age will bave 10ne up to 3.7 billion from 2.4

Before the year 2000, Mexico's vorkforce will bave reached 18 million people, Bangladesh 20 million and Kenya 7.3 million.

Developing countries, where most of the population growth is taking place, will need to create

NEW YORK (AP) - IBM re-

ported Tuesday it suffered an \$8

ellion second-quarter loss, in-

cluding a truge charge for corpo-

rate restructuring that includes

the early retirement of 50,000

employees, twice the company's

incovines (IBM) Corp. also said it experted another 35,000 em-

ployees to leave by the end of

The computer manufacturer

reported revenue of \$15.5 billion,

a 15 per cent drop from a year

ago that sellects the company's continuing 'struggle with the

changing warket for mainframe

computers, for years its most

lucrative product. However, IBM

gaid sales of mainframes rose

compared to the first three

1314 earned \$734 million on correct.

in first half of '23

at rose by 46 per cent in the

first half of 1993 compared with the same period in 1992, thanks to

an increase in demand from the

12 trar. owned by Ford Group.

ore used 14.951 cars between

Ascury and the end of June,

2. 22 more than in the first half of

lificult period for the luxury

Sales rose by almost 20 per cent in the United States, up to 5,745.

and increased from 910 to 1,091

in Germany, where the market

for top of the range cars remains

(articularly depressed, a spokes-

Jaguar said at the start of the

United States and Germany.

Jaguar output rises 46%

LONDON (AFP) - British car- year that it wanted to increase

grains Jaguar Group has said its production by 25 per cent from

months of the year.

International Business

earlier projection.

M posts \$8b

103**5**, says 50,000

employees leaving

1994.

account the existing 40 per cent unemployed or under-employed.

In developing countries, be-tween 50 and 60 per cent are employed in the unregulated sector (street jobs, subsistence jobs and undeclared work in the black economy), without a decent income, according to a report by the International Labour Organisation (ILO). It estimated that 40 per cent of the populations of Latin America and the Caribbean live below the poverty line.

In Europe and North America. the population of working age is going up very little because of low birth rates. But unemployment has become critical: The 24 coun-38 million jobs a year, only to tries belonging to the Organisa-keep abreast of people joining tion for Economic Cooperation

revenue of \$16.2 billion in the

IBM's workforce, wbicb

peaked at 406,000 at the end of

1985, was just over 300,000 at the

start of 1992. The company said

Tuesday it expected to have a

of this year and 225,000 at end of

workforce of 255,000 by the end

It said the \$8.5 billion pretax

restructuring charge should pro-

duce annual savings of \$4 billion.

About \$6 billion represents costs

of paying employees to leave the

company. The rest covers ex-

penses of closing offices and fac-

IBM Chairman Louis Gerstner

Jr. said the company does not

anticipate further charges and

cost-cutting moves nnless "our

current view of future industry

revenue and demand proves in-

the 1993 level to 28,000 cars. By the year 2000, the company

wants to produce 100,000 cars per

year, compared to its previous record production of 49,000 cars produced in 1988, the spokesman

At the end of 1992, Jaguar

launched a £700 million invest-

ment plan, spread over five years, aimed at developing a new saloon car to replace the XI6 series in

1994, a new sports model to replace the XJS, in 1996 and a

The car group bas made a loss ever since its purchase by Ford in 1989, cutting its staff from 12,000 to 7,000 in the meantime.

new small car in 1998.

second quarter of last year.

36 million unemployed in 1994 In the former East Bloc, the disappearance of the state sector is also causing mass unemploy-ment, the ILO report said.

One of the many consequences will be a rising tide of immigrants, the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) predicts. The world already has 100 million immigrants, 30 million of then legal or illegal workers.

To generate employment, some experts, UNFPA among them, bave stopped putting the accent on world growth. The UNFPA believes that a "period of growth without employment". is already begun and that a solution is to reduce working hours, which it believes could create 1.3 million jobs in the

For developing countries, UN-FPA believes that "lasting development" means not concentrating only on the capital and on production, "but on people," with training programmes, agricultural reforms and support for small businesses and local em-

The ILO says there is a need for "an integrated approach to questions of population, human resources, employment and de-velopment." It believed the ioformal sector in the cities and the countryside could be made viable with training, loans, the creation of infrastructures and essential services in the areas of bealth, nutrition and bygiene geared to-wards promoting employment.

Iran opens \$2.2b petrochemical plant

NICOSIA (R) — Iran Monday inaugurated the first phase of a \$2.22 billion petrochemical complex in the central city of Arak. Iran's

IRNA news agency said. Ahmad Rahgozar, deputy oil minister and head of the national Petrochemical Company, said the plant could produce 550,000 tonnes of petrochemicals worth \$300 million a year, IRNA reported. From the end of September it will market its products, including polyethylene, acetic acid and raw materials used in pharmaceutics and textiles, synthetic fibres, anti-freeze, paints and adhesives.

The complex, built by 27 foreign and 350 Iranian contractors, will be fed from oil refiner: s in Arak, 240 kilometres southwest of The plant, Iran's 10th petrochemical complex, cost \$1.94 billion in

Mr. Rahgozar as saying. Mr. Rahgozar said i. Apri, that his company produced 5.5 million tonnes of petrochemicals in the year to March 20, up from 4.1 million

foreign exchange plus 440 billion riyais (\$280 million), IRNA quoted

Sears earnings triple

CHICAGO (AP) - Sears, Roebuck and Co. has reported its second-quarter profit more than tripled to \$1.01 billion on improvement in its retail business as well as the sale of stock in its Allstate insurance subsidiary,

Sears earnings, which amounted to \$2.63 per share in the three months ended June 30, compared with \$325.5 million, or 85 cents per share, for the same period last year.

Revenues declined 3.7 per ceot to \$12.2 billion from \$12.6 bil-

A large chunk of the secondquarter earnings came from Sears' \$635.1 million gain from the initial public offering of Allstate stock.

Excluding extraordinary items, earnings rose 69 per cent to \$458.5 million and revenues rose 5.6 per cent to \$12.2 billion, Sears

The company's performance reflected bigher retailing profits attributed to the company's restructuring of the Sears merchandise group. Sears has slashed is costs this year by killing its 97-year-old, money-losing catalog and closing 113 of its 860 stores.

excluding the stores being closed and retailing businesses Sears bas exited — catalog, Sears business centre and certain bomeimprovement services - revenues rose six per cent to \$6.9 billion from \$6.5 billion.

Excluding the interest income from Sears credit-card sales, retailing sales and services rose six per cent to \$6 billion from \$5.7

The merchandise group's second-quarter profit more than doubled to \$162.5 million from 365.3 millioo,

Sears Chairman Edward Brennan said apparel sales rose 14 per cent and appliance sales also were

absorbed a \$64 million loss on the sale of its Coldwell Banker residential real estate business during the quarter. Sears said taxes on the transaction were higher than expected and pro-

ceeds were lower than expected. The company also took a onetime charge of \$145.3 million related to debt reduction as part recently President Paul Biya's government was trying to cut the 170,000-strong civil serviced by

of its restructuring. For the first six months of 1993, Sears had net income of \$1.4 billion compared with a loss of \$1.3 billion a year ago.

Castro admits losing battle against dollar and tipping

HAVANA (AFP) — Cuban President Fidel Castro said Monday that his government had lost the fight against the widespread use of the dollar and would legal-

ise it. In a televised speech to mark the 40th anniversary of the attack on the Mocaba barracks, the first battle of the revolution, President Castro said that the government planned to make it legal for Cubans to hold dollars now circulating illegally, but did not say when the law would be changed

The Cuban leader said that despite the plans to change the law to legalise dollars, be had no "miracles" to announce that would ease Cuba's dire economic

"People speak of economic packages, of magic formulas, but there is no package of measures, there is nothing and there can be no miraculous formulas," he told a crowd of about 3,000 people at a theatre in Santiago be Cuba on the eastern end of the island.

In his nearly two-bour-long speech President Castro referred to "dollars" several times, but then would correct himself and

say, "freely convertible curren-

Because of Cuba's economic crisis, the anniversary to mark the July 26,1953 attack, a three-day boliday bere, was scaled back. The usual parade and rally with tens of thousands of people were cancelled because of shortages of fuel and spare parts for public transportation.

President Castro said the government would also legalise tipping, saying it was "a universal custom that we bave struggled against for a long time but also a reality which, in the end, bas imposed itself."

In recent months, employees of restaurants on the Varadero. Cuba's best known beach, have been allowed to keep part of the tips they received from foreign tourists and use the dollars to shop in a special store.

President Castro said that be was also considering making it easier for Cubans living abroad to return bome for visits and allowing more foreign investment. He did not mention any official

that some 10,000 visitors are ex-

and more still in 1994.

Cuba's economy has been crippled by a three-decade-old embargo imposed by the United States and the breakup of the Soviet Union, its sponsor and major trading partner since Castro came to power in 1959.

The combination has made it extremely difficult for Cuba to buy the fuel needed to power factories, agricultural machinery and power plants.

But in Washington, State Department officials said Monday that U.S. restrictions on Cuban exiles sending dollars to relatives back bome bad not been changed. Cuba's plan to change its laws

to allow its citizens to own dollars doesn't have any impact on the U.S. embargo" against Havana, State Department spokesman Mike McCurry said.
"It think U.S. individuals may

send up to \$300 every three months of a housebold of a close relative in Cuba. Those restrictions will stay in place," he said.

Regarding the possibility of lifting the long-standing ration

Fidel Castro

system, President Castro told the Cuban people that the prevailing economic difficulties made that highly unlikely in the near future.

1 think that day is so distant that perhaps some of your grandsons or even your great-grand-sons may live to see it." President Castro said.

He criticised the political transformation of Eastern Europe, saying that "socialism should have been perfected, but never

destroyed. World begemonism should never have been surrendered to imperialism (the United States) without firing a single shot, in a manner of speaking," he added.

BMW earnings fall sharply in half year

Civil service layoffs

seen likely in Cameroon

MUNICH, Germany (R) — Luxury German car maker BMW Tuesday reported a sharper than expected fall in first-half 1993 earnings, triggering a beavy fall in the company's stock price on the Frankfurt bourse.

Reflecting the singgish state of the German car market, Bayerische Motoren Werke (BMW) A.G. said its group net profit fell to 256 million marks (\$148.1 miltion) from 421 million (\$244.5 million) in the same period last

The near 40 per cent fall was well above share analysts' expectations of a drop of 20 to 30

Gronp turnover sbrank to

14.70 billion marks (\$8.54 billion) from 16.16 billion (\$9.38 billion),

YAOUNDE (R) - Camerooo

appears to be edging towards mass lay-offs in its bloated civi

service to regain the confidence or

the International Monetary Fund

dies on now to cut civil service

salary expenses are close to com-

pletion," a report on state radio

The independent and usually

reliable newspaper Dikalo said

25,000 by the end of the year. The figure was described as

accurate by a source in the civil

THE BETTER HALF,

has said.

"World Bank-sponsored stu-

277,000 from 312,986. Its sbare price fell to 562 marks, down 14.50 from its day's

peak of 576.50 and off 16.50 on the day. The group said it still expected to make a profit for the whole of

1993 despite producing and selling fewer cars. BMW, which made a group net profit of 726 million marks

(\$421.6 million) in 1992, bas withstood the market downturn better than most of its competitors. The company said its initial

efforts to improve earnings were aimed at consolidating its business at the current level and increasing the attractiveness of the marque with new models.

service ministry who declined to

willing to sign a new standby agreement with Cameroon until

the civil service is cut in size,

Economists say the IMF is not

The Central African country

trimmed civil service salaries by

between 10 and 30 per cent last

January as part of measures to

cope with growing domestic and

foreign debt and declining export

None of the expected nnrest

followed the salary cuts but eco-

nomists say stronger actions

needed. Civil servants are already

growing used to late payment of

By Glasbergen

be quoted by name.

and tax revenues.

monthly salaries.

Imports from the United States accounted for 22.5 per cent of 1992 imports rose by 14.35 per Saudi Arabia's imports in 1992 cent while its non-oil exports

Saudi imports total \$33.3b

DUBAI (R) — Saudi Arabia's went down by 3.7 per cent in the same year, Saudi newspapers have said.

They quoted official statistics as showing that imports in 1992 rose to 125 billion riyals (\$33.33 billion), np 14.35 per cent from from Japan 14 per cent and 11 per cent from Britain.

Non-oil exports went down by 3.7 per cent to 12.5 billion rivals (\$3.3 billion) in 1992 from 13.02 billion riyals (\$3.47 billion) in

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY JULY 28, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroli Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Look to banking experts for new ideas and support that will help you add to your present boldings. Be your most positive and dyna mic, without getting involved in all the details. No procrastinating.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Attend to whatever material con-cerns have been left undone then avoid a newcomer who is demanding and tonight go to entertain-ments with a congenial companion.

AURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You can tie together loose ends of personal desires not, tonight don't get upset over an obligation and discuss money matters with your

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You have a private plan that requires more attention, then avoid a demanding associate white tonight you can enjoy yourself with kin and neighbours.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Condnue a discussion with friends until issues are resolved in the daytime then do your tasks conscientiously while tonight chat with an expert aids your money

LEO: (July 22 10 August 21) You have worldly activities to finish in the right way, then this afternoon is the time to do nothing to annoy mate, tonight be with menually alert friends at amusements.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You see how a new activity will be beneficial to your progress, then don't get involved in any family dispute while tonight a friend aids your worldly embitions. LIBRA: (September 23 to October

22) You have a good day now to get into material problems with a business person, while tonight you find a communication can cause you anxiety and be alert to new

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novemher"21) Finish arrangements between yourself and an associate. then do nothing to threaten your expert to help you with a money

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) The morning is fine for working on the completion of a project, in the afternoon don't force your views on others, tonight go out with 10 a new site.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Arrange whatever recreations you want to have in the future, then be sure to handle an intimate problem, tonight seek ways to earn more benefits from work you do.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Continue in the morning to arrange improved conditions at your home, in the afternoon get together with outside associates for usements, tonight perfect a ta-

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Take time out in the daytime to get practical correspondence behind you, tonight do nothing to upset you own clan and get into scheduling future activities.

Peanuts

Ar-maker.

man said.



THERE WAS A GLOW IN THE SKY LIKE I'VE NEVER SEEN BEFORE ..







Andy Capp







Mutt'n'Jeff

*



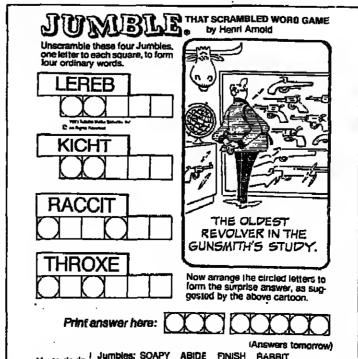








of accomplishment. It's the only thing I'm really good at!"



Answer: Something to be taken with a grain of salt— A RADISH

THE Daily Crossword by Robert O. Wilson ACROSS 1 "Wherefore thou...?" 4 Sweetheart 9 Diamonds 9 Diamonds 12 Gossip 14 Jerry or Jerry Lee 15 "— Indigo" 15 Mimic 17 The Great and the Terrible 18 Oklahoma city 19 Herselits Insert 18 Oklahoma city 19 Heredity factor 20 Seint Phritip— 21 Calabria's land 22 Involved shuation 25 Elan 26 Simple song 30 Unimagnative 33 Reverberate 36 Ireland 37 Stripling 38 there are pieces proces 40 Mine finds 42 Certain poems 43 Founten treat 45 Falconry hawk 47 Entreaty 49 Emotional Yesterday's Puzzle Solved connection 55 Kind of energy 10 Wind in rungs 11 Whirlpool 13 Tire faces 15 Courage 55 Kind of energy 58 Dogs, e.g. 59 ke cream ---60 Stage item 61 Wall hanging 62 Author Mitne 63 Brutsh one 64 Kool of thread 21 A pig — poke 23 Voice vote 24 Dark, to poets 27 Stretch car 64 Kind of thread 28 Tract 65 Flat rate? 66 Nautical cham 29 Impression 30 Scheme 31 Unusual 32 European river 34 Alphabet run 35 Institution 67 Glorify 68 Voice vote DOWN 1 Proverb 2 Become ready to eat 3 Ontario river 4 Sprces 5 Sensible one's 41 Abrade

51 Succinct 52 Like Swiss cheese

6 Cognizer. 7 Fluid measure

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Cairo Amman Bank U.S. Dollar in International Markets

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Jordan Times

Date: 27.7.93 Eurocurrency Interest Mates 1 MTH 3 MTHS 6 MTHS 12 MTHS Currency 3.75 5.81 5.87 5.81 Deutsche Mark 00.1 Swley Franc 4.63 4,59 4.50 4.35 6.62 French Franc 10.75 B.75 7.62 Japanese Yen 3.12 3,18 3.09 3.09

Central Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin Date: 27.7.93

Currency	Bid	Offer
t'.S. Dollar	0.695	0.697
Sterling Pound	1.0404	1.0456
Deutsche Mark	0.4024	0.4044
Swiss Franc	0.4560	0.4583
French Franc	0.1179	0.1185
Japanese Yen	0.6506	0.6539
Dutch Guilder	0.3578	0.35%
Swedish Krona	0.0864	0.0868
Italian Lira	0.0432	0.0434
Belgian Franc	0.01942	0.01952

Other Currencies	Date: 27.7.93	
Currency	Bid	Offer
Bubraini Dinar	1.8180	1.8380
Lebanese Lira	0.03925	0.0410
Saudi Riyal	0.1848	0.1855
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.2200	2.2900
Qatari Riyal	0.1280	0.1920
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2300
Omani Riyal	1.7650	1.8200
UAE Dirham	0.1880	0.1920
Greek Drachma	0.2915	0.3215
Cypriat Pound	1,3415	1.3815

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

U.S. \$1.00 costs

One sterling

One ounce of gold

1.7215/25 1.9385/95 1.5190/00 35.72/73 5.8750/00 1608_5/0.5 106.75/85 8.0200/00 7.3500/00 6.6940/40 \$1.4975/85

\$393.25/393.75

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Privatisation row threatens UAE reports \$187 million Greek government stability balance of payments deficit

strikes against privatisation disrupted transport and services Tuesday, and Greece's conservative government also faced internal strife over selling major utilities to the private sector.

Urban transport stopped, banks, post office, services and train schedules were disrupted and many areas had power cuts, and about 2,000 workers marched through the streets of Athens shouting anti-government slo-

You are thieves, not governors," the strikers shouted and replaced the sign outside the national economy ministry with one reading "ministry of national

The General Confederation of Greek Workers (GSEE). Greece's largest labour body, called the strikes to protest against the privatisation of the power and phone companies, refineries and state-owned hotels.

But some of these privatisation plans have found enemies even ject to a tax bill being discussed

ALGIERS (R) - Algeria's in-

dustrial output shrank by 7.5 per

cent in the first quarter of 1993

compared to the same period last

year, the industry ministry said

The official news agency APS

quoted the ministry as saying

iodustrial acitivity declined by 8.5

per cent in the first three months

of this year compared to the

average for the four quarters of 1992.

ATHENS (R) - Nationwide within the ruling New Democracy Tuesday, saying it could lead to

With a slim majority of 152 deputies in the 300-seat parliament, the government risks defeat of its privatisation bills. This would threaten its stability and seriously damage its credibility less than a year before elections.

Although a motion of noconfidence cannot be submitted to parliament before September. at least six months after the last one called by the Socialist opposition, political analysts say it would be difficult for a government that cannot make laws to stay in power.

Parliament voted last week to allow the private production of electricity for the public power corporation only after National Economy Minister Stephanos Manos amended the bill and assured conservative deputies that electricity prices would not

Senior party members also ob-

the ratio fell to 53.8 per cent of

decline in production on shor-

tages of raw materials and im-

ported products, and a slump in

A government austerity prog-

sales of manufactured goods.

the management of state utility monopolies being handed over to private firms.

The government assured its deputies that utilities would be privatised through separate bills. A bill privatising 49 per cent of the state phone company (OTE) is expected to be presented to parliament in August.

The government wants to sell 35 per cent of OTE to a strategic investor who will also manage the profitable but ineffective company. Labour unions, opposition and ruling party deputies oppose the handing over of management and threaten to vote down the

Mr. Manos has said no internatiooal company would bid for OTE unless it also got manage-

Failure to sell part of OTE would ruin any chance the government has of meeting its budget revenue targets. About \$1.4 billion is expected from the sale of

Algerian industrial output falls

JORDAN

MARKET PLACE

Official figures showed industports by limiting foreign exrial output had already fallen 1.6 change allocations to "enterprises that produce essential goods." per cent last year compared to 1991 when factories were working More than 70 per cent of at 57 per cent capacity. Last year Algeria's petroleum export re-

The ministry blamed this year's estimated at \$26 billion. Prime Minister Abdessalam Belaid has said it will take three years for Algeria to extricate itself from the infernal debt cycle and two years to start expanding ramme is aimed at reducing im- again."

venues of \$12 billion a year go to

pay off the country's foreign debt

ABU DHABI (R) — The Uoited Arab Emirates (UAE) recorded a balance of payments deficit last year despite recovering from the

Gulf crisis in 1991. The central baok, which announced the deficit in its annual report, blamed capital outflows.

The report showed a 686 million dirhams (\$187 million) balance of payments deficit in 1992 compared to a surplus of five billion dirbams (\$1.4 billion) in

The balance of payments reflects the UAE's net transactions with the rest of the world in terms of trade, services, and capital transfers in 1992.

But economists did not expect the deficit to throttle the Gulf Arab state's passion for imports or restrict other spending. The UAE, the Gulf's main reexport centre, last reported a deficit in 1990, the year Iraq invaded Kuwait. The central bank said costs linked to the crisis pushed the balance of payments that year one billion dirhams (\$300 million) into the red.

The latest central bank report said the UAE has a surplus of foreign assets estimated at 850 million dirhams (\$232 million) and reserves were 690 million dirbams (\$188 million) in 1992.

"The excess of foreign assets will offset the effects of the balance of payments deficit. They can cover it," a bank economist

The report said capital out-flows of 10 billion dirhams (\$2.7 billion) depressed balance of payments improvements in the UAE's current accounts in 1992. "The value of these transfers

exceeded the current account sur

plus," it said. The current account; surplus was strengthened after the UAE cut foreign aid to 2.7 billion dirhams (\$738 million) in 1992 from 17.4 billion dirhams (\$4.9 billion) in 1991 during the Gulf war and its aftermath, the report

The trade surplus slimmed to 21 billion dirhams (\$5.7 billion) in 1992 from 30 billion dirhams (\$8 billion) in 1991 after imports rose to 64 billion dirhams (\$17 billion) from \$51 billion dirhams (\$14

The UAE exported 86 billion dirbams (\$23 billion) in 1992 compared to 81 billion dirhams (\$22 billion) in 1991. That figure includes oil and gas exports which shrank by one billion dirhams to 56 billion dirbams (\$15 billion) in

Russian arms sales drop

WASHINGTON (AFP) — Russian arms sales to the Third World fell sharply in 1992 from their record 1986 level, according

to a congressional report.
In 1992, Russia's arms sales totalled \$1.3 billion, down from \$28.8 billion in 1986, said the Congressional Research Service report cited by the New York

Overall arms sales to the Third World in 1992 fell 20 per cent from 1991, to \$23.9 billion from \$28.6 billion, the report said.

The decline in Russian sales was attributed to the eod of cold war tensions and the reduction in military aid programmes by Mos-

receive discounted weapons.

Despite the decline, U.S. officials have expressed concern recently on Moscow's efforts to raise cash by selling weapons. The United States increased its

share of the Third World arms market to 57 per cent last year, even though the overall volume of sales declined, the Times said. U.S. arms sales to the Third World totalled \$13.6 billion in

Saudi Arabia is the Third World's largest client, buying about a third of the arms, said the report based on information from the U.S. Defence Department

The study said the Middle East purchased 38 per cent of the arms sold from 1989 to 1992. Saudi Arabia alone bought \$35.9 billion

worth of arms during this period.

Sales of F-16 fighter planes to Taiwan and Saudi Arabia and anti-missile batteries to Kuwait represented the major deals for the United States, the daily said. The United States was fol-

lowed on the list by France, with \$3,8 billion in sales, and Britain with S2.4 billion.

Asia was the second larges arms market, representing 29.5 per cent of the arms sales to the Third World, the report noted.

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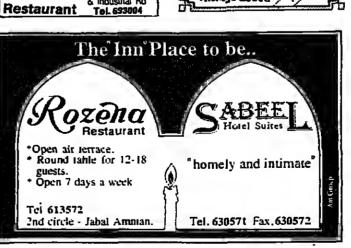
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Jagger turns 50

LONDON (R) — Mick Jagger, the 1960s bad boy of rock 'n' roll,

turned 50 Monday but many of his fans may not want to be:

reminded their bero has passed a milestone of middle age. Jagger was recording an album with the Rolling Stones Monday at guitar-

ist Ron Wood's Dublin home. He

was unavailable to discuss the

delicate issue of his age. "I would

think Mick feels hideous about

being 50," Tony King, a former

employee, told one newspaper.
"Probably one part of bim shruge."

it off but when vou're 50 your know you're older." The Roll of

Stones' former manager Andrew

Oldbam told the Guardian:

"Well, honey, I'm glad I didn't bave to work that hard, because I

woold hate to have those lines on my face." The Jaggers threw a

lavish party ostensibly to cele-brate France's Bastille Day in

London last week but his entour-

age made it clear this was not a 50th birthday bash. The irony of

Jagger being a grandfather and older than U.S. President Bill Clinton was not lost on columnists who asked, using a Jagger lyric, whether time was still on his ride. His contains

on his side. His strutting, gyrating

act as be belts out Satisfaction

and Let's Spend The Night Together still fills stadiums and

relationship with his wife, Amer-

ican model Jerry Hall, still grabs

headlines. Now a huge business

enterprise, the Rolling Stones have become the grand old men

of rock - an image that would

have horrified the 1960s rebels.

Jagger is amongst Britain's rich-

PARIS (AFP) - The French

racing and lotteries in 1992, 16

per cent more than in 1900 according to figures releases

Tuesday by the National Satistics firstitute (INSEE). The amount

represented 1.3 per cent of

household income before tax and

was more than the French spent

on books and newspapers (63

billion francs - \$10.8 billion in 1991) and a third as much as

creased every year since 1970. Playing national lottery games

and scratch-and-win cards had

gained in popularity and bad

almost caught up with betting on

attract punters from all socio-

professional backgrounds.

French go mad

British bra

gambled away a record 65 billion francs (\$11.2 billion) on horse-

French gambled

away \$11.2 billion

in 1992

generates millions of dollars. High

Fighting rages in Sarajevo as mediators launch peace bid

SA AJEVO (R) — Fierce fighting was reported in Sarajevo and other flashpoints in Bosnia Tuesday as international mediators in Geneva launched non-stop negotiations to try to end the republic's 16-month war.

As Bosnia's Serb and Croat leaders and their political masters in neighbouring Serbia and Croatia arrived in Geneva, international mediator, Lord Owen predicted no quick breakthrough in the talks.

Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic, whose forces have taken 70 per cent of the war-ravaged republic, said the Gene-va meening marked "the last

chance to get an honest peace". NATO moved closer to military intervention, saying it expected to provide air cover over Bosnia "sooner rather than later" after a weekend artillery attack on French peacekeepers in

U.N. commanders, angered by the attack which they bave pinned firmly on the Bosnian Serbs in spite of denials by their leaders, have threatened to retaliate if

they are attacked again.

NATO has assembled a force of 60 combat aircraft at bases in Italy and forward air controllers needed to guide them were believed to be in place in Bosnia. Bosnian radio said Serb forces besieging Sarajevo were continu-

ing to pound Zuc Hill in the north of the city with heavy artillery. In spite of a ceasefire agreed by the three parties in advance of the Geneva talks, shelling could be

TOKYO (R) - Two neutral

parties committed to cleaning up

Japanese politics moved closer to

an opposition alliance Tuesday --

raising the prospect of an end to

almost four decades of Liberal

and the Harbinger New Party, whose 49 members hold the ba-

lance of parliamentary power af-

ter the July 18 general election,

held talks on policy with the

five-party opposition alliance

talks went. But alliance officials

said discussions would continue

into Tuesday night and Wednes-

day morning and would cover

ways to boost the sluggish eco-

nomy and foreign and defence

In the election the scandal-

U.S. pilot killed in F-10 collision

SEOUL (AFP) - One pilot was killed and another was injured

when their U.S. Air Force (USAF) F-16 fighters collided in

flames Tuesday at Kunsan Air Base in South Korea, a U.S.

military spokesman said. The two single-seat jet fighters collided

on the runway at the air base, some 270 kilometres (160 miles)

south of Seoul, at about 3:30 p.m. (0630 GMT), the spokesman

said. Earlier reports said the two pilots were both alive. The name

of the pilot who was killed was being withheld pending notifica-

tion of next-of-kin. Local press reports said the accident occurred

when the two F-16 collided as one was landing and the other was

taking off. The collision forced the closure of the air base for

civilian flights, the national Yonhap News Agency said. At the

time of the accident, the F-16s were on routine training missions,

PEKING (AFP) - China warned Tuesday that talks with Britain

on democratic reforms for Hong Kong may be threatened by recent steps by the colony's Governor Chris Patten, which it rejected as "unacceptable." Mr. Patten last Friday name e

Hong Kong's legislative council agreed to merge three important

district boards. "In disregard of opposition from the Chinese

side," the Foreign Ministry here said, "the British side has

connived at the unilateral actions of the British Hong Kong

authorities designed to create a fait accompli." The foreign

Ministry statement said Mr. Patten's decisions directly concerned

electoral arrangements and should therefore be discussed and

SINGAPORE (AP) - U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christ-

opher told Vietnam's Foreign Ministry Tuesday that lifting the U.S. trade embargo against Hanoi would depend on resolving the

fate of missing American servicemen. Mr. Christopher told

Nguyen Manh Cam, as they posed for photographers, that

President Bill Clinton "is very clear that it will be progress (on the

MIA issue) that will determine whether there is progress toward

improving the relationship between our two countries." It was the

second meeting between the two men, who first met Sunday night

during a dinner for Asian Foreign ministers attending the

Association of South East Asian Nations' annual meeting. Mr.

Christopher's message was designed to meet the concerns of U.S. veterans groups and relatives of missing Americans who believe

the Clinton administration was moving too quickly to normalise

China, U.S. hold security talks

U.S. presses Vietnam on MIA issue

members of an election commission charged with draw

elections in 1994 and 1995 are conducted fairly. Also lass

electoral boundaries and ensuring that local district and legi

Hong Kong talks hit more trouble

"tainted LDP lost its majority in

the spokesman said.

relations with Hanoi.

There was no word on how the

Tuesday.

The Japan New Party (JNP)

Democratic Party (LDP) rule.

heard in Sarajevo, with an in- mando units through government tense barrage erupting around the Zuc area followed by a pall of black smoke rising from the

The Belgrade-based news agency Tanjug said the attack had been launched by Muslim units, while Serb forces pushed them back and destroyed a tank.

Zuc Hill is one of two remaining high points overlooking Sarajevo still in the hands of Muslim-led government troops defending the city.

On the other, Mount Igman, which controls the western approaches to the city, Serbs were reported to be attacking with artillery and infantry. The radio said all attacks had been repulsed and 12 Serb fighters had

The importance of 1gman was underlined by a senior Bosnian Serb officer, Major-General Manoilo Milovanovic, who told Tanjug that Muslim forces were trying to establish links with other Muslim-held areas of Bosnia.

"Our units will not permit the breakthrough of Muslim forma-

tions from Igman," he said. Fighting was reported in Brcko as Serbs battled to widen a supply corridor in northern Bosnia linking Serbia proper with Serb-held territories in north-west Bosnia and Croatia.

Bosnian radio said Serbs had kept up their artillery bombardment of government positions throughout the night and tried unsuccessfully to infiltrate com-

parliament, taking just 227 sea. . It needs the JNP-Harbinger votes

to get 'its new leader chosen as

prime minister in parliament and

to stay in power. Prime Minister Kiichi Miyaza-

wa resigned as LDP president last

Before joining any coalition,

the JNP-Harbinger bloc insisted suitors accept a plan to clean up

politics, tarnished by a series of

corruption laws, a ban on politic-

al donations by private firms and the introduction of a simple: .lec-

The five opposition parties — the Socialists, the Buddhist-

the centrist Democratic Socialists

and the tiny Socialist Democratic

The reforms include stiff anti-

scandals in the past decade.

week to take responsibility for

the election fiasco.

toral system.

Japan neutrals move cle er to opposition bloc

On Monday, Serb sources said at least 30 soldiers on both sides had been killed as Serbs pushed back Muslim forces around Brcko, which lies on the Sava

Fighting was reported in central Bosnia, where Croatian radio said Muslim forces had broken through Bosnian Croat defence lines at the strategic settlement of Banovo Brdo near Fojnica, captured by Muslims last week.

in Geneva, mediator Lord Owen said he did not expect dramatic breakthroughs, adding: "I think it will take time."

"We've said we're ready to sit here until we get a final settlement and that's our attitude to it, but I don't think we can urge people to take very important decisions about their country against a deadline of time," he told reporters.

The mediators said they did not expect to sit all the factions down together in a "plenary session" of the conference until Wednesday and planned bilateral meetings

On the table is a Serbian-Croatian plan to make Bosnia a confederation of three ethnic mini-states, a plan Bosnian Presideot Alija Izetbegovic has rejected as legitimising Serb and "genocide" against Mus-Croat

Bosnia's 10-strong presidency instead wants to create a federal Bosnia with a more powerful

form.

The LDP also accepted the proposals at the hastily called

convention Tuesday. Newspapers called the move hypocritical be

cause the ruling party rejected

Speaking after the LDP deci-

sion, JNP leader Morihiro Hoso-

kawa again refused to consider

forming a coalition with the rul-

would join hands with the LDP

unless they split into two," be said in an interview with Kyodo

News Agency.
His ally, Harbinger leader
Masayoshi Takemura, was more

cautious. "It would be difficult

for the LDP to carry out

"At the same time, a seven-

party government would be very

There is no chance that we

such plans just last month.

ing party.

backed Komeito, the Japa. Re-newal Party of LDP defectors, over again," he said.

the 511-member lower house of Federation — have accepted re- fragile and only a notch above a around Aug. 14, they said.

NEWS IN BRIEF

central government and stronger human rights guarantees.

Besides Mr. Karadzic and Mr. Izetbegovic, the Geneva session expected to be attended by Bosnian Croat leader Mate Boban and by President Slobodan Milosevic of Serbia and Pres-

ident Franjo Todjman of Croatia. Mr. Milosevic said Tuesday he expected Bosnian peace talks in Geneva to result in a significant step forward.

"I expect a significant step forward at these talks, because all the main conditions exist for reaching the agreement which will provide permanent peace."
Tanjug quoted him as saying on arrival at Geneva airport.

Mr. Milosevic, who bas backed a plan to divide Bosnia into a confederation of three ethnic mini-states, said progress towards peace would devend on whether there was dis ssion of maps showing how so the an arrangement woold loos on the ground.

"Whether a : nous step forward will be m. le depends on whether the main issues will be discussed, and one of these is the maps," Tanjug quoted him as

"The solution offered is just for all three sides and without doubt, if this step forward is made, we can expect a quick, positive solu-tion of the problem.

"And that means to reach peace. Peace as the basis for all other solutions. And all other solutions are easier to reach than

majority (in parliament)."
Socialist Party Secretary-

General Hirotaka Akamatsu was

upbeat about the prospects of a

union with the neutral parties. He said there was a good chance of a

summit of all seven opposition or

neutral party leaders Thursday.

formation of a non-LDP govern-

ment for the first time since 1955

forms in June, triggering mass defections which brought down

the Miyazawa government and led to the party's worst general

The political confusion forced

the LDP to postpone convening

parliament. Party officials now

say it will be called on Aug. 5, three days later than originally

The crucial vote on the next

election performance.

Such a summit could seal the

The LDP rejected political re-

a mother and young son clasped in each other's arms.

But still missing was a fouryear-old girl, sister of the boy found in his mother's arms, her

Twenty-six of the survivors

expected to rise. tives, some of them hysterical, identified their dead at a

Scuffles broke out when members of a grieving family com-

makeshift morgue at a local

Two or three caskets were smashed in the fracas. The body of Chung Yoo-Soo,

they contained mould or fungus.

said. Mother and son were laid in

Chung's missing daughter, four-year-old Lee Song-Mee, may be Late trapped under the wrecked fusel-

The pilot had tried three times to land in bad weather at Mokoo Airport, 310 kilometres southwest of Seoul. Soon afterwards the plane crashed into a cliff in a forested, unpopulated area some

way out of the wreckage and ran two kilometres to a police station to raise the alarm.

gers and crew, four more than listed on the manifest.

He denied local news reports that put the number at 112 saying the bodies of two infants were

Airline executives said children 35, was found embracing her six-year-old son Keung-Suk, the carried on their parents laps and domestic Yonhap News Agency not issued with tickets probably accounted for any discrepancies They did not rule out the possibility of finding more children's

counted twice.

Late July is the height of the South Korean summer holiday season and flights are heavily booked.

All but three of the passengers were South Korean. Two of the three Japanese on board survived the impact, which tore the aircraft in two.

Asiana engineers bad recovered the flight recorder but it would take about a month to analyse the contents, airline Vice President Park Yong-Tae told re

Boeing sent three investigators from headquarters in Seattle, Washington, to assist in the inves-



South Korean relief workers and family members Tuesday try to identify the dead bodies pulled out of the wreckage of the crash (AFP photo)

Rescuers call off search for S. Korea plane crash survivors

HAENAM, South Korea (R) -Rescuers ended a search for survivors of South Korea's worst domestic air crash on Tuesday after finding 66 bodies, including

Forty-four people survived when an Asiana Airlines Boeing 737-500 smashed into a cliff in driving wind and rain on the southern tip of the Korean peninsula Monday.

family said.

were badly injured, government officials said. The death toll is Distraught friends and rela-

plained about the poor quality of the coffins provided. They said

a single coffin. Officials said the body of

seven kilometres away. Kim Hyun-Shik, 20, clawed his

According to a local govern-ment official, the flight from Seoul was carrying 110 passen-

again as the amount spent on alcohol. INSEE said that spend-ing on games of chance had in-

Swollen rivers converge on Kansas City

KANSAS CITY, Mo. (AP) -Thousands of businesses and bomeowners piled sandbags at their doors, boarded up their windows and cleared out as the Missouri and Kansas Rivers closed in, both bulging toward a crest Tuesday:

"It's an unknown what will . prime minister could take place happen," said George Hanley. spokesman for the Army Corps of Engineers. "That's the reality. The levees bave never been

> The Kansas River, which cooverges with the Missouri at Kansas City, was expected to crest at 55 feet (17 metres) Tuesday morning — well above the flood stage of 33 feet (10 metres) and close to the top of a 57-foot (17-metre) high levee. The Missouri was expected to crest later in the day at 49 feet (15 metres). 17 feet (5 metres) over flood

walls, which are about 52 (16 metres) feet high.

About 3,500 people were evacuated Monday night from Armourdale, a low-lying residential and commercial neighbourhood in Kansas City, Kan. No

stage and just below the flood

immediate evacuations were ordered in Kansas City, Mo., across the Missouri River. Northwestern Missouri was

under a flash flood watch early Tuesday that could cause the water to slosh into both Kansas City, Kan., and Kansas City, Mo. Hanley said the extent of any

much water from the Missouri backed up into the Kansas where the rivers meet.

Water crept into mostly empty armourdale before daybreak.

At Taylor's And Mike's Fireworks Store, employees and friends of owner Michael Koska packed a warehouse full of firecrackers into trucks as the water

"I saw the '51 flood," Koska said, directing a convoy of trucks. "This could be worse."

Flooding across the midwest had been blamed for at least 42 deaths. Damage has been put at more than \$10 billion.

About 50 miles (80 kilometres)

fourth day. Floodwaters knocked ont the city's water treatment plant Saturday. Officials said the plant may not be fixed until Friday or later. Missouri looked to Iowa for

advice. After floodwaters knocked out Des Moines' water treatment plant, some 250,000 people than gamblers backing horses, went 12 days without water until last week.

"We've already provided them how to set up water distribution sites," said Richard Vohs, a spokesman for Iowa Gov. Terry

South of St. Louis along the

The river is expected to crest at Stc. Genevieve next week at 48 north of Kansas City, Mo., feet (141/2 metres). Volunteers 33,000 St. Joseph-area residents worked to build up the levees to remained without water for a 50 feet (16 metres).

borses. One adult in two currently gambles, according to INSEE. More people take part in lotteries, but they stake smaller sums

over

1,100 francs (\$189.6) a year on average, against 5,200 francs (\$896.5) on racing. Men spend more than women. Race-track devotees are likely to be male and working class, while lotteries

with some technical advice on

Mississippi, some residents of St. Genevieve ignored warnings to evacuate. "I don't want to move unless I have to. It just disrupts everybody's lives," said Doris Beckermann, who owns a nineroom, red-brick bouse built in 1877. A tall levee runs across her back yard.

6 die in S. African township clash; church attack death toll rises to 11

- Battles broke out in a township squatter camp Tuesday after attackers staged a pre-dawn raid that killed five people, including three children, police

President F.W. De Klerk urged ANC leader Nelson Mandela and Inkatha Freedom Party leader Mongosuthu Buthelezi to meet in an effort to persuade their followers to stop fighting. Later, gov-ernment officials planned talks with Inkatha in hopes of luring it back to constitutional negotia-

A draft constitution was unveiled Monday after months of negotiations and promises a democratic government elected by blacks and whites for the first time in the country's history.

The pro-apartheid Conserva-tive Party and the conservative black Inkatha Freedom Party immediately rejected the document. saying it smacked of ANCgovernment collaboration and did not go far enough to ensure autonomy for ethnic groups and regions. They boycotted Monday's talks in protest, and other negotiators suspended talks Tuesday to give the two parties time to reconsider.

But ANC Secretary-General Cyril Ramaphosa indicated nego tiations would continue as plan-ned Wednesday, even if the Conservatives and Inkatha refused to

The rising political tensions

lence, which could threaten plans for elections in April 1994. Violence against blacks and whites has increased with the pace of negotiations, a sign of the panic extremists feel as their demands

go unanswered. Police Col. Tienie Halgryn said 30 to 40 people entered a Soweto squatter camp at about 3 a.m. and hurled firebombs into several shacks. The bodies of a man and three children, aged three to six, were found in one burned shack, Halgryn said. Another man was shot to death, and three people suffered bullet wounds.

Residents fought back and killed one attacker, and police arrested two others, he said. All were residents of a Soweto workers' hostel occupied mainly by Zulus, who form the bulk of Inkatha's support.

Mr. De Klerk, speaking after a meeting with international peace monitors, said a summit between Mr. Mandela and Mr. Buthelezi could make a "tremendous contribution" to peace by showing their followers the adversaries can get along. Past summits, however, bave

proved fruitless in ending political fighting that has killed 10,000 blacks in the past five years. Eight people died in overnight fighting in other Johannesburgarea townships, and the death toll from a white church ambush rose to 11 overnight. Earlier reports

had said a 12th person died, but

IOHANNESBURG (Agencies) raised the specter of new vio- Police Maj. Des Segal said that was a mistake. More than 40 people remained hospitalised, many in serious condition.

Black and white political leaders denounced the ambush Sunday of the mostly white church, but the leading black group, the ANC, said it must not be allowed to halt negotiations on the constitution.

The hardline black Azanian People's Liberation Army (APLA) denied Tuesday that its guerrillas carried out Sunday night's attack on the cape town church.

"We are not responsible. We have contacted our field commanders and reports are that APLA is not responsible... this is the ultimate statement, it comes from the bigh command," APLA publicity and information chief Jonny Majozi told Reuters by telephone from Dar Es Salaam in

Three of the 34 wounded remained in intensive care.

Mr. Majozi said although APLA, the exiled military wing of the Pan Africanist Congress (PAC), bad attacked "soft" targets in the past, an attack on a church was "not APLA policy."

"We have defined our main targets as the security forces."
Mr. Majozi said callers claiming APLA responsibility for the attack in telephone calls to reporters "might not be our people at

PARIS (AFP) - The hottest fasbion item this summer in France has been around for at least 20 years and is made in Britain. But in the couture capital of the world, women are fighting to get their hands on a Gossard

Wowderbra, which went on sale here two months ago for the first time in its history. Since the bra which promises you can "say goodbye to your feet" was rediscovered by top models and stars in the past couple of years, the firm of Gossard has been unable to manufacture enough of its crition. But although the hra has been marketed in 50 countries worldwide, Gossard had never tried selling it in France, perhaps an indirect hommage to the allure of French women. "The demand is impressive," saleswomen at Janik, one of the 200 points of sale for the bra said. The entire stock vanished in 10 days, with as many men as women snapping them up. At Charvy, another lingerie specialist, customers are buying 100 Wonderbras a week, "and we could sell 200 if we could get hold of them." Some women have been doing the round of every stockist in a desperate search for their size.

Man held after second British Museum break-in

LONDON (R) - Police arrested

a man after a break-in at the British Museum Tuesday, less than a week after thieves stole Roman treasures worth an esti-mated £250,000 (\$375,400). Police said the man was held during the night after security staff at the London Museum, home of one of the world's greatest antiquities collections, found a display case had been disturbed. "A man is in custody and will be questioned later today," a police spokeswoman said. She said it was not clear if anything had been taken and police were investigating a possible link between the break-in and last Friday's burglary when Roman jewellery and coins were stolen.

PEKING (AFP) - China and the United States discussed President Bill Clinton's proposal for a worldwide suspension of nuclear weapons testing and other issues here Tuesday, the official Xinhua News Agency said. Undersecretary of State for International Security Affairs Lynn Davis met with China's Foreign Minister Qian Qichen, Xinhua said. On Monday, she met with Vice Foreign Minister Liu Huaqiu. Besides the moratorium on testing, the officials also discussed "other issues of common concern," Xinhua said, but provided no details.

Managua had prior knowledge of attack

MANAGUA (AFP) — The government of President Violeta Chamorro had prior knowledge of last week's rebel attack on Esteli, but was hoodwinked by a rebel leader, Police Director Fernando Caldera said. Victor Gallegos, a 38-year-old former army counterinsurgency expert known as "Pedrito the Honduran," promised in negotiations with the government four days before attack that his group would disarm, Caldera said. "We did not expect an attack on the city," Mr. Caldera told reporters late Monday. Some 150 heavily armed members of the Peasant Workers Revolutionary Front under Mr. Gallego's command. identified as disgruntled ex-soldiers under the former Sandinista government, seized parts of the northern city of Esteli Wednesday. Some 1,000 government troops routed the rebels by the following day, but the violent clash left 45 dead and some 100 wounded. Fifty-nine people were arrested but Mr. Gallegos and dozens of his men managed to escape.

Over 2,000 fall sick after U.S. acid leak

SAN FRANCISCO (R) - More than 2,000 people flocked to hospitals for treatment for stinging eyes and burning throats after a leaking railcar deleased a thick cloud of sulphuric acid over the city of Richmond Monday, officials said. Until it was capped by hazardous materials experts almost four hours later, the leakage forced the closure of roads, a subway station and a shipping channel and the closure of libraries and at least one school. A white cloud began forming over Richmond, an industrial centre 15 miles east of San Francisco, after a safety seal broke on a railcar carrying 12,000 gallons (45,424 letres) of oleum, a concentrated form of sulphuric acid. The acid was being onloaded from the railcar into storage tanks at a plant owned by General Chemical Corp, a New Jersey-based company. Officials advised residents in the area of the clood to stay indoors and to close doors and windows. About 1,030 people were treated at a Kaiser Hospital and clinic in th area and more than 250 were still waiting to be seen, spokesman John Mejia said. Another 850 people were treated at Brookside Hospital in neighbouring San Pablo, spokesman Jim Beaver said. About 140 other people were treated at three other area hospitals, spokesmen said.

Britons get to hear 'Majorgate'

LONDON (R) - Prime Minister John Major became the latest victim of a British entbusiasm for eavesdropping Tuesday with the publication of private remarks in which he uses strong language and jokingly calls himself a "wimp." The accident-prone prime minister was embarrassed at the weekend by a leak of the same conversation, in which he was reported to have referred to government ministers who disapprove of closer European union as "bastards." A British tabloid went one step further Tuesday and published a full transcript of Mr. Major's alleged off-therecord exchange with a journalist after his government won a vote of confidence on European Union Friday. The Daily Mirror also invited readers to ning a special telephone line to listen to its so-called "scoop of the year," the latest in a long line of unguarded conversations involving public figures to be given great prominence in the press. Mr. Major, regarded by many as a colourless character dogged by indecision, banters about his struggle to secure approval of the Maastricht Treaty and asks with heavy self-irony: "Why does such a complete wimp like me keep



Drum

cup

taps set

to run in

Melbourne

MELBOURNE (AFP) - Dual

Ascot Gold Cup winner Drum

Drums Taps' English trainer,

William Hastings-Bass, has told

the race organisers, Victoria Rac-

ing Cluh (VRC), that his only

condition for bringing bis classy

stayer to Australia is a quarantine

station with trackwork facilitties.

Northern hemisphere cup run-

ners have to spend three weeks in

quarantine overseas and two

weeks in Australia before they

are allowed to race in the 2.03

million dollar (\$1.38 million)

3200 metre (2 mile) Melbourne

Cup at Flemington on Nov. 2.

ton will meet representatives of

the Australian Quarantine In-spection Service Thursday at the

nominated quarantine station

the Sandown racecourse here.

"I have every reason to believe that Sandown will be allowed to

operate as a private quarantine facility," said Benton Tuesday.

Drum Taps is the equal top

weight for the Melbourne Cup

with Naturalism, Subzero and Veandercross on 58.skgs (nine

stone) for this year's race.

Benton said Hastings-Bass
wanted to make a short "hit-and-

run" visit with Drum Taps and

did not want the seven-year-old

galloper to have a lead-up run

"Apparently the hit-and-run

visit will be less demanding on the

horse," said Benton, who lobbied

British trainers for cup entries

during a promononal visit there

The Sandown facility will be

Bentnn said he would contact

Hastings-Bass and other English

able to stable four horses, and

trainers will have free use of the

before the Meldourne Cup.

VRC racing manager Les Ben-

AUSTIN, Texas (R) - Janet Evans won the 800-metres freestyle at the U.S. National Swimming Championship Monday in a faster time than her gold medal performance at the 1992 Olympics in Barcelona.

Evans, 22, a four-time Olympic gold medallist, won her 34th consecutive U.S. national oile in 8:23.61, nearly two seconds faster than her Olympic ome of 8:25.52. It was also ber 16th consecutive 800 freestyle title, a streak started at the 1987 Pan Pacific Championships in Japan,
"If I had swum slow at this

ear this we oash. The h

a huge bus Scolling St. Brand old b-

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meet 1 probably would bave quit, but this is really encouraging." Evans said. "I'm in great shape and there is a lot less pressure on me because people expect less of me now that I'm older."

Evans, world record-bolder in the 800 with a time of 8:16.22, is third on the U.S. all-time list for national otles. She is two away from tying second-placed Johnny Weissmuller and has the 200, 400, and 1,500-metres freestyle events

still to swim here. Evans won the 800 freestyle gold medal at the 1992 Olympics and gold medals in the 400metres individual medley and the 400 and 800 freestyle at the 1988

games in Seoul. In Monday night's race, Evans led by a full body length after the first 100 metres. No one in the field pushed ber.

The Find cord to blue (0) on here (1) is ison know she can swim faster she does, too," said her coach Mark Schubert, coach of the 1992 U.S. women's Olympic totial Salian The amount

Evans has been training with men at the University of Southefore large ern California. She said she is more relaxed than she has ever been and may compete in the World Aquatic Championships in Rome in September 1994.

American Peter Wright, 20, won the men's 800-metres freestyle in 7:58.90.

The top two finishers in each event during the five-day meet qualify for the Pan Pacific Championships Aug. 12-15 in Kobe,

LONDON (R) — Olympic champions Alexander Popov and

Evgeny Sadovyi will make a bold

raid on all the top-attraction

men's freestyle titles at the Euro-

pean Swimming Championships

in Sheffield over the oext two

The two Russians feature in a

parade of Barcelona gold medal-

ists alongside versatile Hunga-

rians Tamas Darnyi and Krisztina

Egerszegi, U.S.-based Spaniard Martin Lopez-Zubero, German

Dagmar Hase and Belarussian

Elena Rudkovskaya. But Franziska Van Almsick

who won four Olympic medals at

the age of just 14, has rewritten

the short-course world record

books since Barcelona and could

upstage them all in the 50-metre

Both vulnerable. South deals.

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Opening lead: Four of 4

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player than he himself. For exam-ple, a world champion berated him-self for going wrong on this hand.

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THE MISTAKE OF AN EXPERT

long-course pool.



Andreas Berger

Austrian sprint champion admits he took drugs

VIENNA (AFP) — Austrian training any more and so the sprint champion Andreas Berger and his three World Championship relay teammates face a four-year ban after Berger admit-

ted they all took drugs. Berger, the country's top sprin-ter, admitted in a television inter-

view: "There are four official cases of doping. We won't bother with a second confirmation test. This is a confession." The four — Berger, Franz Rat-zenberger, Thnmas Renner and Germi Kellermayr, who came 11th in the decathlon in the Bar-

in Stuttgart next month. They were tested randomly an July 7 after a training session at Voecklabruck.

celona Olympics — were all training for the World Championships

For Berger, 32, holder of the Austrian 100m and 200m records as well as European indoor 60m champion, the scandal certainly marks the end of his career.

Berger said he had been 'in a terrible dilemma after two had starts in Barcelona." "Nothing was going right in

German could romp away with

four individual titles at 50, 100

and 200 metres freestyle and 100

butterfly in the 11-day cham-

pionsbips which start Thursday.

first mark in major senior cham-

pionships with respective gold

medals in the 100 and 400 metres

freestyle at the 1991 Europeans in

Athens in the days of the old

splash in Barcelona last year

when Popov deposed American

kingpin Matt Biondi as Olympie

50 and 100 metres champion. The

shaven-headed Sadovyi charged

off with the 200 and 400 freestyle.

titles and anchored the victorious

4×200 metres freestyle relay

under the passing colours of the

Commonwealth of Independent

a three-diamond hid by North would show a weaker hand with bet-

ter diamonds. North improvised by

manufacturing a heart raise on a

doubleton. Instead of hanging part-ner, South wisely rebid three no

trump, leaving partner the option of correcting to four hearts.

West started a low spade, dummy's king winning. Declarer led a low diamond and inserted the eight. In with the jack of diamonds. West found the killing shift to the nine of the first way, the king and after

clubs. East won the king and, after

mentally tossing a coin to decide

which black suit to return, reverted to a spade. Declarer quickly wrap-

East was quick to assume the blame for not reading partner's shift correctly. However, West exoneral-

ed partner completely. Instead, he

assumed all the guilt because of a subtle failure to clarify the situation

songe landre to clarify the sinaton for East. After winning the diamond and before shifting to a club, Wesl should have cashed the ace of spades. Now when East wins the king of clubs, it is obvious that a

spade continuation is futile and the club return becomes marked.

An error to be sure, but unly an expert would realize it.

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ped up nine tricks.

They made an even bigger

Soviet Union.

Popov and Sadovyi made their

question came up — give up or use illegal methods."

Director of Austria's Sports Institute Hans Holdhaus said the athletes had taken an anabolic steroid ealled Methan-Dienon which could have adverse effects on their health and hearts in the long run.

He welcomed Berger's admission, saying: "It's better than having to wait for the results of a second test which in any case would confirm the first results.

"We must now try and find out exactly how these drugs managed to get Into Austria and haw they are distributed," he said,

Ratzenberger, 28, Gernot Kellermayr, 27, and Thomas Renner, 26, will have 10 wait with Berger until next month to officially bear their fate.

The International Amateur Athletics Federation (IAAF) will meet on Aug. 12 to discuss the affair, with an automatic fouryear ban reserved for drug cheats the likely outcome.

lona events, Sadovyi chases a

fourth gold in Sbeffield in the

1,500 metres, throwing down a

daunting challenge to German

defending champion Joerg Hoff-

mann who was trounced by Au-

Hungary have weathered enor-

mous upheavals since their Bar-

celona triumphs and supreme all-

rounders Egerszegi and Darnyi

should reap another golden med-

Egerszegi, Olymic and Eurn-

pean champion at 100 and 200 backstroke and 400 individual

medley, adds the 200 metres but-

terfly to her targets for Sheffield.

Darnyi seeks to repeat the gol-den treble of 200 and 400 metres

individual medley and 200 but-terfly he achieved at the 1989

European Championships in

Darnyi, who skipped the 1991

European Championships to con-

centrate on his Olympic prepara-oons, has won the 200 and 400

individual medley at two Olym-

pics, two World Championships

and three European Cham-

pionships - an astonishing re-

Gyorgy Zemplenyi, who orga-

resolved and officials say spon-

sors have begun 10 put money

into the sport again. However, Norbert Rozsa, 100

metres breaststroke world cham-

pion and double Olympic silver medallist, has left Hungary to

start a new life in Australia,

where he has just received

Florida-raised Lopez-Zubero

defends his 100 and 200 metres

backstroke titles after becoming a

hero in Spain by winning the

nacion's first Olympic swimming

gold in the 200 backstroke in

permanent residence status.

Housman at the Olympics.

al harvest.

trainers Dermot Weld (Vintage Crop) and Clive Brittain (Shambo) to advise them of permit Russian swimmers plan freestyle sweep arrangements for their horses to gallop each morning after enter-In addition to his three Barce-

this month.

ing quarantine.

Overseas horses onder quarantine conditions in Australi can only gallop if they are isolated from local horses.

Benton said the VRC had received seven direct cup nominations from Britain and 14 from connections of horses who had raced in the northern hemis

Ecuador officials angered by bribe report ·

QUITO (AFP) — Ecuadoran football officials say they plan to sue the Brazilian newspaper or reporter who wrote that they accepted \$100,000 to change the venue of their World Cup qualifier against Brazil.

The story, picked up hy news agencies and distributed in Ecuador, caused a sensation over the weekend.

Jorge Macbado, president of the Ecuador selection committee, nised the Hungarian team's lavish financial backing, disappeared afcalled the report cynical and libeter the Olympics and police say lous, and said the Ecuadoran they want to question him in connection with \$7.5 million Football Federation (FEF) will pursue the matter with energy "in order to refute these lies that have tried to destroy the dignity A power struggle for control of the Hungarian Swimming Fed-eration followed but this has been of Ecuadoran football."

Several Rio newspapers reported last week that Brazilian football officials offers as much as \$1 million to Bolivia to change the venue of their match against Brazil Sunday.

The Bolivians, according to the reports, did not accept and played as scheduled in La Paz, where Bolivia posted an historic 2-0 victory over the Brazilians.

In one of these articles, it was also alleged that for \$100,000, Ecuador changed their home qualifier against Brazil from Quito, 2,310 metres above sea level, to Guayaquil, which is at sea level.

Peking's Olympic bid tiring — Sydney

SYDNEY (Agencies) — Peking's bid for the 2000 Olympics Games is losing steam, its main rival Sydney said Tuesday.

Chinese organisers, meanwhile, admitted they were pre-paring for the possibility of los-

"We have done our utmost but he have to prepare ourselves for two possible outcomes," Chen Xitong, head of the Peking bid committee, was quoted as saying Monday by the official Xinhua Taps looks set to run in Austra-lia's most prestigious horse race, the Melbourne Cup — if a quarantine wrangle can be sorted

News Agency.
Mr. Chen, speaking in Peking to a visiting member of the International Olympic Committee (IOC), said the Chinese capital would bid to host the Olympics in the future if it lost the 2000 bid. In reaction, Bruce Baird, minister responsible for Sydney's bid, said Tuesday that Peking

might be using the 2000 bid as a practice run with their real attempt to win the 2004 games. "From our point of view, the bid from China seems to have lost some of its momentum," Mr.

Baird said.

Mr. Baird said the U.S. House of Representatives' call to bave Peking's candidacy rejected be-cause of its human rights record was unlikely to harm Sydney's chances of the 2000 bid.

But he wanted against becoming too confident, saying Peking 'remains a formidable competitor and we should not lull

ourselves into a false sense of security.

The House of Representatives voted by 287 votes to 99 Monday to call on the IOC to reject Peking because of massive human

rights violacions. Sydney is the acknowledged front-runner for hosting the 2000 games after an IOC inquiry report issued this munth found no faults with the city's proposal.

Other candidates are Berlin. Brasilia, Istanbul and Machester. The IOC will decide on the host io Monte Carlo on Sept. 23. Peking's Olympie organisers la-

ter hit back at the U.S. vote. Peking 2000 Olympic Games Bid Committee (BOBICO) spokesman Xu Jia said that the Chinese capital's bid was in keep-ing with IOC principles and the "Chinese people's desire to spread the Olympic spirit" "BOBICO is strongly opposed

to this kind of action that wantonly interferes with the rights of the Chinese people, displays con-tempt for the IOC and tramples under foot Olympic principles." The IOC and its president,

Juan Antonio Samaranch, condemned as interference a similar June resolution by the House of Representatives human rights sub-committee

Mr. Xu said the selection of the 2000 Olympics host city was an internal affair of the IOC, in whose affairs no individual or organisation should interfere, Despite the U.S. resolution, Mr. Xu expressed confidence the

IOC would "strictly respect all the Olympic principles and conscientiously and independently make its own decision. He added: "BOBICO is still

fully confident of its bid to host the 2000 Olympics in Peking."
Meanwhile the U.S. Olympie Committee (USOC) said it was pleased by the way the U.S. House of Representatives directed its protest when it voted

Monday to oppose the holding of the 2000 Olympic in China. Spokesman Mike Mnran said USOC officials had asked sponsors of the resolution that it be addressed to Anita Defrantz, a U.S. member of the IOC Execuove Board, rather than to the entire IOC, which frowns on government intrusion.

This is a sensiove issue for the Olympic movement in the United States because we of course fear any negative repercussions that could affect the Olympic Games in Atlanta in 1996 or the candidacy of Salt Lake City for the 2002 inter Games," Mr. Moran said.

"We are pleased that it (the resolution) will be directed to her," said Mr. Moran, who added that the USOC was in agreement with the issues expressed in the resolution. "We are pleased that the sponsors took the time to listen to us.

members accused the Chinese government of widespread human rights abuses that they said should disqualify it from hosting the Olympics. Only one member

spoke against the resolution. The resolution cited State Department reports stating that the Chinese government's human rights practices were far short of internationally accepted standards.

It accused that Peking government of suppressing the Tibetans and their culture, repressing religion and exporting goods made hy forced labour.

The resolution also said that former Peking Mayor Chen Xitong, who signed the martial law decree prior to the military 1989 crackdown on demonstrators in Peking's Tiananmen Square, had as chairman of the Olympic hid committee "boasted" of the regime's determination to crusb dissent.

Opposing the resolution, Rep. Pat Williams said that sport and politics should not be mixed. He said that the U.S. organised boycott of the 1980

Moscow games bad been a mistake because it disappointed atbletes and did nothing to bring down the iron curtain. Representative Tom Lantos, a

sponsor of the resolution, said China should be given the chance to earn the right to host the Olympics in the year 2004.

Tapie advised to quit

PARIS (AFP) — Olympique Marseille's (OM) embattled President Bernard Tapie was advised to quit bere Tuesday by the head of French television.

President of public company France Television Herve Bourges argued Mr. Tapie, a Socialist politician and entrepreneur whose club is at the centre of a bribes scandal, should go so that there was no mix-up between his political and football affairs.

Mr. Bourges said: "Questions of personality should not influence the destiny of OM, that's why I think certain people should think things over.... and stand

"Bernard Tapie must appreciate the situation and realise that, after leading OM to the top, he should make sure no more confusion is possible between his career, in politics or business, and the management of his club."

European and French chaman alleged attempt to rig a crucial league match last season against Valenciennes. They could be thrown out of European Cup compedeen if found guilty.



Former trainer of the Valencienne team Boro being heard by Judge Bernard Beffy (AFP photo) Primorac (right) reads a magazine Monday sitting

Club manager Jean-Louis Bernes, who resigned last week, has been accused of trying to bribe three opposition players to throw the match and, although Mr. Tapie has not been implicated, he has been gradually

drawn into the scandal. His name was at the centre of мпеп вого Primorae, the Valenciennes coach at the time, claimed to invesogating magistrate Bernard Beffy that Mr. Tapie approached him to take the blame for the

seen on television being head-Mr. Tapie has denied meeting butted by a middle-aged Marseil-Primorae and offering him money le fan and abused by other spectaand an alternative coaching posi-

Meanwhile, television crews from Bourges' France-2 and France-3 channels were stopped from entering the Marseille to board a France-3 boat filming addarenuv unger Tapie's instructions, for their camera being used and threw it in opening match of the season at the sea. His offer of a replacethe weekeod, sparking off a ment was rejected by the manstorm of protest.

tors apparently angered by coverage of the Marseille bribes scan-Last week Mr. Tapie left his

luxury yacht in Marseille harbour the vessel. He grapped th agement who have filed an offi-A France-2 cameraman was cial complaint with the police.

Young seeks return to winning ways

ROME (R) — American Olympie 400 metres hurdles champion Kevin Young seeks an immediate return to winning ways when the Alpine resort of Sestriere plays host to some of the world's top atbletes Wednesday.

Young, previously unbeaten in 26 successive races and red-hot favourite to win gold at next month's World Championships, suffered a shock defeat at the hands of Zambian world cham-

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pion Samuel Matte in the London Grand Prix last Friday. There is an extra incendve for

Young since he will drive down the mountain in a Ferrari 348 sports car, valued at \$125,000, if he can better the world record of 46.78 seconds he set as he stormed to Olympic gold in Barcelona last year.

Pole vaulter Sergei Bnbka of Ukraine, for wbom breaking world records is second nature,

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and German long jumper Heike

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Olympie champion Dreschler recorded the longest jump by a woman in history with a leap of 7.63 metres at the 2,000 metre ski resort last year.

ing of just one centimetre the maximum permitted limit of two metres a second.

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Turkish minister sees visit to Jordan as highly positive

Cetin postpones visit to Israel, hopes for early solution to Mideast conflict

By P.V.Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Turkish Foreign Minister Hikmet Cetin Tuesday wound up a three-day visit to Jordan with a bighly positive assessment of Jordanian-Turkish relations and identical viewpoints on several regional and international political issues.

Addressing a press conference, Mr. Cetin also announced that he had postponed a visit to Israel because of the "developments on the Israeli-Lehanese border," but refused to characterise the postponement as a signal of Turkish criticism of Israel for its three-day assault on its northern neighbour.

We prefer not to let the actual tension to overshadow this visit and I decided to postpone my visit to a more favourable time when the hostilities would come to an end," Mr. Cetin said,

"It is not a cancellation... it is not a protest, it is just post-Mr. Cetin said.

Mr. Cetin condemned the escalation of hostilities on the Israeli-Lebanese front, saying they undermined the Middle East peace process.
"We condemn the recent op-

erations that have caused casualties on the civilian population and we appeal for an immediate cessation of bostilities," be said. "Such massive use of force...

can lead to further escalation and does harm the peace process, especially at a period when a new momentum is being sought," be

Mr. Cetin, the first Turkish foreign minister to pay an official visit to Jordan since 1980, described as "very fruitful" his talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali, who is also foreign minister, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan and Planning Minister Ziad Fariz.
"I also witnessed that there is a

mutual determination and the political will to further strengthen our bilateral relations in all fields," he said.

Topics discussed in the talks, he said, included the Middle East peace process, the situation in Boshia-Herzegovina, and the conflict between Azerbaijan and



Turkey expressed its "earnest hope that the (peace) talks would contribute to the achievement, as soon as possible, of a just and lasting solution to the Palestinian question and to the Arab-Israeli conflict on the basis of U.N. Security Conncil resolutions 242 and 338," he said.

The minister said he also called for an urgent solution to end the ongoing bloodshed and ethnic cleansing by the aggressors (Serbs and Croats)" in Bosnia-Herzegovina, he said, adding Turkey also "expressed the pressing need to put an end to the Azeri-Armenian conflict as well as the need to evacuate Azeri territories occupied by Arme-

During his talks with Mr. Fariz, Mr. Cetin said, the two sides agreed to work an agreement on the promotion of protection of investments in addition to examining the possibilities of establishing joint ventures in third countries, particularly in the republics of the former Soviet Union in Central Asia and Caucasus.

Mr. Cetin, who visited the Jordan Valley as well as the Bequa refugee camp, called for "more international attention and aid" for Palestinian refugees.

Answering questions at the press conference, Mr. Cetin implicity criticised Israel as well as resistance groups in south Lebanon for starting the latest round of hostilities.

He said he contacted Israeli Foreign Minister Sbimon Peres of to arrive late Tuesday. Mr. Cetin said Turkey believed that Jerusalem should be an essential part of any Middle East

Noting that Jerusalem is Hhly to the three monoetheistic religions, he said the Holy City could not be monopolised by

We cannot reach lasting peace solutions without including Jerusalem," be said, adding that the timing of including the status of the Holy City in the peace negotiations was not important as longas it is part of the agenda and will be discussed at one point or another in the talks.

The Turkish foreign minister said his country, an active participant in the multilateral phase of the Middle East peace process, stood ready to contribute to the negotiations, but no specific role or project had yet been defined for Turkey.

He said Turkey was ready to offer its water resources to belp resolve the regional crisis over water provided "there is someone who will invest" in developing

According to Mr. Cetin, Turkey and Syria are hoping to con-clude an agreement before the end of the year on water flowing down from Turkey, Iraq, which is also dependent on the downstream water, will

not be a party to the accord, but is welcome to a tripartite meeting on the issue, be said.
In the meantime, Iraq will con-

tinue to get "a certain percentage" of water that reaches Syria and flowing down to Iraqi territory, he added.

Mr. Cetin expressed confidence that Ankara and Baghdad could work out an agreement on transit fee for Iraqi oil flowing through Iraqi pipelines running through Turkish territory to the Mediterranean if the Iraqis manage to reach an accord with the U.N. on a one-time sale of oil.

The pipelines were closed by Turkey immediately after the U.N. Security Council imposed a trade embargo on Iraq following the August 1990 Iraqi invasion of

Mr. Cetin denied reports that Tarkev bad started processing Iraqi oil left in the pipeline when

by Israeli shells in their village of Sydeqin (AFP TERRIFIED: A Lebanese woman cries as terrified others look on in Tyre, South Lebanon, after husband and four children were wounded Tnesday

Failure awaits Christopher mission if without acceptable ideas — Shaath

By Wafa Amr Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A Palestinian official said on Tuesday that U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher's visit to the region next week would be doomed to failure if he did not hring with him acceptable formulas on Palestinian interim self-government in the occupied territories.

Nabil Shaath, political adviser to Palestine Liberatinn Organisatinn (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, said Palestinians would not submit any more amendments to the U.S. draft paper on interim self-rule until the U.S. and Palestinians agree on the key points of contention in the paper -- Jerusalem and the extent of Palestinian jurisdiction on the occupied territories.

Another PLO official said that in preparation for Mr. Christopber's regional tour, the U.S. demanded article-byarticle detailed amendments on its June 30 paper.

The U.S. document, which aimed at bridging Palestinian-Israeli differences on the fiveyear interim period, was reected by Palestinians as a basis for negotiations. Bowing to Arab and American pressures, the PLO accepted to make alterations to the U.S. document which were presented to U.S. chief peace coordinator Dennis Ross during his visit to occupied Jerusalem earlier this

The amendments sought by the Palestinians related to the status of Jerusalem ann territorial jurisdiction in the occupied territories."

They were: "For the interim period, the Palestinian Interim Self-Government Authority will exercise its territorial jurisdiction on the occupied Palestinian territories which were not under Israeli control on June 4, 1967 including Jerusalem.

The two sides have agreed that these territories are

viewed as a single territorial nait, whose integrity will be preserved during the interim period, under one system of

The PLO official said the U.S. had opposed the Palestinian demands, and said it did not intend to remain hostage to these two amendments.

Dr. Shaath, speaking from Cairo, told the Jordan Times that Palestinians "refuse to submit any further concessionary formulas, and this is our final position which we will not hack on.

"If Christopher does not bring with him an altered paper that meets our demands, his trip to the region will be worthless," Dr. Shaath added. "We do not wish him failure, but we will not accept anythiog less than total Palestinian territorial jurisdiction on the occupied territories, including Jeru-

Palestinian sources said that Mr. Ross informed them that the U.S. draft was not final document, and that the U.S. would seek compromise formulas and ammendments until the parties involved reach an acceptable formula.

"We believe that the Americans intend to pursue a shuttle diplomacy at this stage, instead of the negotiations rounds, until they present their final paper, that will lead to a declarati-son of principles," another Tunic "ficial said. .se PLO ex-

pects a seure. At to be imposed on Israel and the Palestinians in six months time. "Whether American set-

tlement will be in eptable to us or to the Israelis nr to both of us, I dan't know," he said. Some Palestinian officials express concern about the role of the U.S. in the peace talks,

and try to analyse former American peace plans in order to build a visinn of the general features of the future settle-

"We believe that Christ-

Referring to Israeli practices in

general, the statement said that

negotiations table provide a con-

Washington 'committed to military action in Somalia' MOGADISHU (AFP) — The

United States backs more military action in Somalia despite criticism of the United Nations for getting involved in clashes with Somalia gunmen, a State Department official said Tuesday.
"The military option will remain there," said David Shinn,

the State Department's Somalia coordinator who headed a sixperson U.S. inter-agency team that left bere Tuesday after a one-week mission to reassess the U.N. operation.

The U.S. review followed seven weeks of escalating violence in which Somali gunmen have killed 36 U.N. peacekeep-

"This is a triple process, on the political, humanitarian and secur-

ity front," said Shinn.

Italy, which has the third largest troop contingent in Somalia, has complained that the U.N. was overemphasising military force, rather than dialogue, to pacify the country.

But Mr. Shinn stressed that the upsurge of bloodsbed was limited to the south Mogadishn stronghold of fugitive warlord Moham-mad Farah Aideed. Relief and rehabilitation were continuing elsewhere in the country devas-tated by war and famine, he said. The low-level urban guerrilla

warfare is restricted not only to Mogadishu but to south Mogadishu," Mr. Shinn said.
"With the exception of Mogadishu, there has been tremendous progress," he told reporters at Mogadishu airport before flying to Addis Ababa.

From there he will go to Rome and then Paris in a bid to calm the row between the U.N. and Italy, which has rejected the world body's demand for the recall of its force commnder here, General Bruno Loi.

Mr. Shinn, dne back in Washington Friday, said he bad met several officials of Gen. Aideed's Somali National Alliance (SNA) faction, blamed for the attacks on U.N. peacekeepers. But he stressed that he had not

been negotiating with them, only "listening to their views, which of course were very critical." He said that "throughout

vast majority of the country there is a tremendous amount of support for the U.N." He said it was a time "to show

resolve and determination" in the U.N.'s first intervention under the controversial Chapter 7 of its charter, which allows offensive military action to restore peace. He said the Somalia operation,

certain to influence U.N. action in other trouble-spots such as Bosnia-Hercegovina. 'won't U.S. Ambassador Rohert

Gosende said he expected "no dramatic things" to change be-cause of Mr. Shinn's visit. But he admitted that there was "a great deal of concern over how this first ever peacekeeping and peace-making mission is going."

pride in our national stand based

states will unite to confront the

jali to visit Salt and study its

resident's needs. The prime

The delegation invited Dr. Ma-

TOKYO (AP) — Emperor Ak. 5 hito and Empress Michiko visited Tuesday the victims of a recent

Japan emperor, empress visit quake victims

earthquake that demonshed bundreds of homes and killed at least 196 people. The royal couple was surrounded by a small crowd of residents on Okushiri, an island 770 kilometres north of Tokyo, which was hit by tidal waves set off by a July 12 temhlor. As of Tuesday, 196 people were con-firmed dead and 42 missing from the quake, mostly on the island, police said. The tremor registered 7.8 on the Richter Scale. Nationally televised news showed a smiling Emperor Akihito conversing with the victims after arriving by helicopter. They inspected a residential neighbourbood that had been reduced to a field of scattered wood and broken furniture. They also visited a gymnasium serving as a temporary shelter, pausing to talk to the victims. Under the postwar constitution, the emperor is the symbol of the nation and holds no political power. Two years ago, the couple paid a visit to the victims of a volcanic eruption in southern Japan that killed 43. The sight of Emperor Akihito and Empress Michiko getting on their knees to talk to victims was viewed as symbolic of a modernising, more accessible, imperial family. Until Emperor Akihito's father Hirohito denied his. divinity after the and of World War II, the emperor was revered as a god descended from the sun'

Blind sailor starts trans-Atlantic journey

BALTIMORE, Maryland (AFP)

- A 58-year-old blind man set. sail in an effort to complete the first solo crossing of the Atlantic for a blind person. Hank Dekker, who lost his sight to glaucoma 16. years ago, is headed for Plymouth, England, in a 30-foot sailboat equipped with a special radar detector that sets off an alarm whenever a signal from another boat is detected. "First and foremost this voyage is for me," Mr. Dekker said before being given a rousing sendoff at Baltimore harbour by 100 wellple. Look at all these people." Mr. Dekker's ultralight boat is named NFB for its sponsor, the National Federation of the Blind. In 1983, Mr. Dekker became the first hlind person to sail solo from San Francisco to Hawaii, surviving hurricane Henriette. He won third place in a 1986 solo trans-Pacific race against two dozen other sighted sailors. Mr. Dekker was to stop in Cape May, New, Jersey, before the three-to fourweek crossing starting Wednesday or Thursday.

Clinton unpopular? just look at Congress

WASHINGTON (R) — President Bill Clinton can take heart from his mediocre approval ratings - once again he beat out the . U.S. Congress, which has the support of only one in four Amel icans, a new poll found Monday, Congress, never a public favourite, won the approval of only 24 per cent of the people in a Cahle Newa Network-USA Today/Gallup poll. The poll said 65 per cent did not approve of its performance, while 11 per cent had no opinion. In February, 27 per cent approved, 54 per cent disapproved and 19 per cent bad no opinion. In a related question, however, 5g per cent of those polled thought their own representative should be re-elected, while 25 per cent said no.
Another 17 per cent had no opinion. That has been the trend in polls - Congress as a whole gets blasted while voters see their own representative as the exception. The last time only 24 per cent approved of Congress in the same poll was in October 1990. Then, 68 per cent disapproved and eight per cent had no opinion. Clinton's most recent approval rating was 41 per cent, against 49 per cent who disapproved of his performance. That was down four percentage points from his rating earlier in July.

U.S. cancels visas for Escobar's relatives

cancelled visas for several family members and friends of fugitive-drug baron Pablo Escobar, the U.S. embassy here said. Embassy spokesman Robert Dance said visas previously granted to Escobar's relatives and associates were annulled recently beeause circumstances had changed since they had been

Armenia in the former Soviet bis decision to postpone his visit it was closed. Yeltsin under fire over rouble

Combined agency dispatches

MOSCOW - President Boris Yeltsin faced hiting criticism Tuesday over the government's chaotic reform of the rouble, as people clogged hank branches to exchange their worthless hank-

Mr. Yeltsin's political rival, Parliament Speaker Ruslan Khasbulatov, stepped up efforts to capitalise on anger over the central hank's invalidation of old rouhle notes. He told regional economic managers the entire measure should be repealed. A day earlier, he demanded that it just be revised.

"The people have been given a shock by the actions of the central hank and the cahinet," Mr. Khashulatov said, the interfax news

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shelling north of the zone to

thwart Katyusha rocket attacks.

"It's hell there," said Moham-mad Abu Zeid, 65, who with his

wife, 11 children and three goats

just escaped on foot during a

bombardment of Jarjouh village

agency reported. "We have to recognise these as illegal and think about whether it would be right for the central bank to repeal this decision in next few

Central Bank Chairman Viktor Gerashchenko joined the fingerpointing, telling the Associated Press that Mr. Yeltsin knew about the surprise step "in general terms" before it was announced Saturday.

"The central hank cannot make decisions to introduce a national currency without the agreement of the highest lead-

ership," Mr. Gerashchenko said. Mr. Gerashchenko is under investigation by Russia's chief prosecutor, Valentin Stepankov, for allegedly "depriving Russians of

their constitutional right to use

the lieutenant and position com-

to fire another 43-kilo shell at a

'hostile village about 25

kilometres a way, the Post said.

According to military sources more than 5,000 sbells have been

Orders came every few minutes

On Monday, billions of pre-1993 rouble notes became invalid. Citizens could exchange only 35,000 rouhles (\$35) in cash. with amounts above that credited to bank deposits. The action was designed to stem inflation and nullify roubles outside Russia's control in other former Soviet republics.

The measure seemed to hit bardest at pensioners and any Russians who have hnarded rouhles. Tensions remained high in Moscow as people pushed and shoved in line at bank branches to exchange their old roubles.

At a train station, private traders were paying \$1 for 1,300 old roubles, saying privately that they have been able to circumvent the limit on cash exchanges.

Regent expresses alarm

(Continued from page 1)

tion of U.N. Security Council Resolution 425," it said. It criticised Arah countries'

stands. "While the aggression continues the Arabs stand by with their arms folded," it said. "This situation shoold end and we should learn lessons from previous disasters that befell us all.

"Only through solidarity, cohesion and unity can the Arabs sue diplomatie efforts in the interconfront the conspiracies and the

crete and living proof that Israel is lying about peace."
"The Lower House of Parlia-

ment calls on the Arah countries and the Arab League to take quick steps to stop the aggression and to restore solidarity and purnational arena to put an end to Israel's atrocities," it concluded.

Arabs outraged over Lebanon

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to give Middle East peace a

chance.

"All parties must give the peace process a chance and let us concentrate on avenues for achieving peace on the basis of

the 'land for peace' principle," Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa told reporters. Mr. Musa said he discussed the latest violence in Lebanon with Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres hy telephone on Monday.

"I told him Israel must stop all military operations immediately." Mr. Musa said. Asked about Israel's reaction, he said: "Contacts are con-

An Iraqi newspaper accused Syria of standing on the sidelines and allowing Israeli forces to hlast Lehanon. "Syria has been a mere specta-

of the offensive, charged Babel newspaper. It said Syria's announcement Monday that its anti-aircraft guns "Those who are eager to imple-

meet within hours... to issue resolutions against Israel?" asked. "Will Tomahawk and cruise missile units be mobilised to confront the Israeli aggres-

dent Hashemi Rafsanjam as criticising the international community for not intervening.

the arrogant powers who assert that they are the guardians of international standards are encouraging them (Israelis) with their silence, which is a sign of approval," Mr. Rafsanjani said. Hamid Al Gahid, secretary general of the Jeddah-based

Organisation of Islamic Conference, said in a statement that he had opened up against Israeli "condemns vigorously these warplanes was only made 'to Israeli aggressions.'

Majali cites loopholes in law tions, he said. "We as Arabs take

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opher will bring with him a

plan on the final status, an ammended version of the 1972

United Arab Kingdom," said a Tunis-based PLO official.

This, he said, would entail that Jordan declare the retrac-

tion of its disengagement deci-

sion with the West Bank, and

the Palestinians' approval to

unite with Jordan in a United

Arab Kingdom, At that stage, Israel and the United Arah

kingdom would start negotia-

tions on the final status, which

will be initially implemented in

Gaza and Jericho, to be fol-

lowed at a later stage by nego-

tiations on the implementation

of U.N. Security Council Re-

osal to implement the interim

period on Gaza alone, and

msists on including Jericho in

one deal," the official said.

Advisor to Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, Osama

Al Baz, conveyed to Mr. Ara-

fat an Israeli offer to withdraw

from Gaza Strip alone and to

start the interim period there,

PLO sources said. They said that Mr. Arafat said if Israel

withdrew unconditionally from

Gaza, he would assume re-

sponsibilities there, but that

any deal on Gaza should in-

cinde Jericho as a passage to

the outside world, on condition

that negotiations on the rest of

the 1967 occupied territories

would be parallel to the disen-

to carry with him a response to

an idea that was carried by

Ross, which calls for leaping

over the interim period and

entering directly into perma-

nent status negotiations," Dr.

In order to allay their fears

that the interim period would

not be permanent, Palestinians

have been exploring different ways in order to know the

features of the final status of

the occupied territories in adv-

'We also expect Christopher

gagement.

Shaatb said.

"That is why Arafat says that he rejects an Israeli prop-

solution 242.

such aggressions and those is causing severe damage to the being practised by Israel in Pales-Jordanian economy. tine and Israel's attitude at the

> U.N. sanctions against Iraq has progress, Dr. Majali said.

Referring to inter-Arah rela-

on the idea of serving higher national interests. Jordan's commitment to the "Jordanians have always extended a friendly hand to all Arabs and hope that the Arah

destroyed Jordan's markets in Iraq and its traditional markets in the Gulf and has increased the foreign debts on the country, further obstructing its economic

minister accepted the invitation.

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Mr. Christopher plans to visit Egypt, Israel, Jordan and Syria early next week as previously scheduled, but will miss meetings with Asian leaders and their trading partners in Singapore that had been set for Wednesday and with Australian officials that had been set for Thursday.

Tuesday morning to return to Washington and discussed the matter with President Bill Clinton hy phone, a U.S. official in Mr. Christopher's travelling party told reporters.

During the day, between meet-ing with Asian leaders in Singapore, Mr. Christopher spoke by phone with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa.

to put off his trip to the Middle East in light of what was going on there. The secretary said he did not have any intention of doing that," the official said.

In the conversation with Mr. Sharaa, "the secretary urged

which the situation might be relieved in some respect, to think about ways to de-escalate the

The official said that these two conversations "confirmed the judgment that he'd made, and the president concurred, to return to the United States to work on this and other matters before be goes

Washington around g a.m. on Wednesday morning (1200 GMT), the official said. The Syrian Arab News Agency (SANA) said Mr. Christopher

Mr. Chrisopber was to arrive in

serioos military escalation in Lebanon, the concern stemming from its continuation and its effect on the peace process."

In Israel, Mr. Rabin's spokesman said: "Our understanding is that (Mr Christopher) is going to come as scheduled." But he refused to reveal any details of the

SANTAFE DE BOGOTA (AFP) - The United States has.

towards Lebanon since Monday the "security zone" was firing to Fires raged in homes and afternoon, continuing a buildup destroy villages in southern Lebaacross hillsides facing the Israeli non to prevent guerrillas using -zone as hundreds of packed cars that has gone on for three weeks.

in Iglim Al Toufab, a smokecovered bastion of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God). "We held on for two days but we have a limit and that was it. No one belped us. No one is giving us food," he said in nearby Houmeim village. "When things calm down we will return." He said the only people who remained in Jarjouh were five villagers, trapped because they

> through three planned phases since it was launched Sunday morning: - Air strikes on 10 Hizbollah and Palestinian "bases."

Israeli military source said the

"operation had already gone

 Air strikes on another 39 bases. - Heavy artillery fire to force an exodus from southern Leba-

non, Naval blockade of ports of Tyre and Sidon. The fourth phase, begun Tuesday, was to target directly the villages, the sources said.

The Jerusalem Post reported

that artillery dug in in the hills of

fired into Lebanon since Sunday morning.
Israeli gunboats also blasted the coastline between Sidon and were too old or poor to leave. the port of the Tyre further

> Syrian intelligence post.
>
> Israeli warplanes also carried out four raids on the southern sector of the Bekaa Valley, killing a Hizbollah fighter, an elderly man and a seven-year-old girl. Lehanese rescue workers said Tuesday's toll was higher as they

could not reach many villages

In the shell-blasted village of

because of the firing.

south, including an area near a

Kfar Hatta, residents flew white sheets as flags of surrender from houses while Red Cross workers tried to hring a truck-load of supplies into the area.

Israelis raze Lebanese villages them as cover and launching jammed the main highway north to Beirut and families hid in rockets.
"Until now we have fired alleyways near the battle zones. around the villages to scare the Israel's militia allies on Monresidents away." a lieutenant identified as "S" told the Post day ordered residents of 12 more villages deeper in Lebanon to evacuate by noon (0900 GMT) as from artillery position atop Israeli big guns reached beyond Mount Hermon on Monday. "Tonight we are firing to des-troy these places to rubble"

the areas already pounded. The usually bustling market town of Nabatiyeb looked like a virtual ghost town on Tuesday. Virtually all its 15,000 people had fled. Only ambulances sped

through its empty streets.
At least 20 shells a minute were hammering the town and surrounding area as Israeli warplanes firing screamed down on nearby villages trying to end the guerrilla resistance. Israel Monday warned residents of South Lehanon to leave

and army radio said up to 200,000 Lehanese had fled their homes since the operation began, Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, visiting the Israeli border town of Kiryat Shmona, would

not predict how long the battle

would continue,

"We are not talking about weeks or months, Mr. Peres told reporters. "We must generate the required pressure and it is being Israel Radio said on Tuesday more artillery, armoured personnel carriers and heavy engineer-

ing equipment had been moving

save face among Syrian units stationed in Lebanon,."

ment aggressive resolutions against Iraq will today bury their heads in the sand and turn a hlind eye to the aggression against Lebanon," the paper said. Will the Security Council

Tehran Radio quoted Presi-

"Unfortunately, responsible international organisations and

Christopher cuts short visit

able restraint so far."

Mr. Christopher decided early

'Rahin asked Christopher not

maximum restraint on all parties, asked Sharaa to work on ways m

various challenges.

violence," the official said. on the trip."

and Mr. Sharaa discussed "the

conversation.

The main purpose of the secretary's visit to the region will be to revive the talks and try to find a common denominator to encourage the parties to make progress in the negotiations.